#### CHAPTER VI.

#### MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

#### § 1. General.

1. Introduction.—A complete statistical account of the growth of the manufacturing industry in Australia cannot be given as the necessary statistics were not collected by the several States on a definite and uniform basis prior to 1906. A standard classification of manufacturing industries was formulated at a conference of Australian statisticians in 1902 and adopted by all States in 1906 and figures on this basis were prepared for 1907 and subsequent years.

Prior to the federation of the Australian States in 1901, the manufacturing industry in Australia was engaged primarily in the production of goods for local use, mainly food commodities, furniture, bricks, clothing made from imported materials, printing, the repair rather than the manufacture of machinery, and the preliminary treatment of primary products, such as wool-scouring and sawmilling.

After federation, steady expansion of the manufacturing industry resulted from the removal of interstate trade barriers and the operation of a uniform protective tariff. This expansion was quickened as a result of the demands created by the 1914-18 War, the curtailment of imports, and the rapid growth of spending power within the community. New and more advanced development took place, iron and steel works and many related and subsidiary industries were established, extensive manufacture of machinery was begun, and a wide range of high-grade products—textiles, metal manufactures, electrical goods, etc.—was added to the list of commodities made in Australia.

This expansion was checked by the world-wide economic depression of 1929-33, but in 1933 returning general prosperity and the opportunities opened to local manufacturers by import restrictions, together with depreciation of Australian currency, gave renewed stimulus to manufacturing enterprise. As economic conditions improved, the tariff, revenue duties, and primage were reduced, but without materially prejudicing the progress of local manufactures.

When war broke out in September, 1939, Australia became a major source of supply for British countries east of Suez and in meeting their demands, as well as those arising locally because of interruption of oversea importations, existing manufacturing industries expanded, and new enterprises were developed rapidly for the production of all classes of munitions, aircraft, ships, many new kinds of machinery and metal manufactures, scientific equipment, textiles, chemicals, etc. The outbreak of war with Japan, the basing of Allied armed forces in Australia, and Australian responsibilities for supplies in the South-west Pacific Area, gave added impetus to these developments, and manufacturing in Australia outstripped all previous levels.

The cessation of war production and the transition of industry to a peace-time basis temporarily retarded progress, but from 1945-46 onward there was renewed expansion of the manufacturing industries to which an inflow of capital from overseas contributed.

2. Decentralization of Manufacturing Industries.—Following upon a report by the Secondary Industries Commission, the Commonwealth Government called a conference of Commonwealth and State Ministers in August, 1945, to formulate a national policy for the decentralization of secondary industries. It was agreed that the State Governments should seek to promote decentralization along the lines appropriate to each, providing necessary services, assistance and concessions to the full extent of State resources. The Commonwealth undertook to collaborate in all matters of Commonwealth industrial policy

affecting the development and location of industry, to investigate in association with the States the prospects of developing secondary industries in selected areas, to advise the States of developments desirable for defence purposes, and to provide financial assistance for projects of national importance where the cost would be great relative to the State's resources.

The Commonwealth has assisted decentralization by allocating to private industry munitions and other defence buildings in decentralized areas and accommodating migrants in provincial centres with prospects of development. Oversea firms contemplating establishment in Australia are encouraged to select locations in rural areas or the less industrialized States.

- 3. Commonwealth Division of Industrial Development.—The functions of the Division of Industrial Development include the encouragement of industrial development, the exercising of Commonwealth responsibilities for the decentralization of industry, the promotion of industrial efficiency (especially the study of technical, production and managerial problems and the dissemination and application of new knowledge and methods), the encouragement of the development of technological institutes and the publication of studies of the structure and operation of Australian manufacturing industries. The Division was attached to the Ministry of National Development when formed in March, 1950, to plan the development of national resources and to promote decentralization and regional development in conjunction with the States, but was transferred to the Department of Trade in January, 1956.
- 4. Customs and Excise Tariffs and Bounties on Manufactures.—Particulars of Australian customs and excise tariffs, and the constitution and functions of the Australian Tariff Board in relation to matters affecting the industrial development of Australia, are given in Chapter XIII.—Trade.

Bounties are paid by the Commonwealth Government to encourage local manufacture of certain products. The statutory provisions usually fix a term of operation of the bounty, provide for payment at a rate varying according to changes in the corresponding customs duty, specify the annual maximum amount of bounty payable. and require the bounty to be withheld or reduced if a manufacturer's net profit in production of the commodity exceeds a certain rate or if rates of wages and conditions of employment in production of the commodity do not conform to prescribed standards.

- 5. Scientific Research and Standardization.—(i) The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization. The function of this Organization, reference to which also appears in Chapter XXX., is to initiate and conduct research in connexion with industries in Australia, to train research workers, to establish industrial research student-ships and fellowships, to make grants in aid of pure scientific research, to establish industrial research associations in various industries, to provide for testing and standardization of scientific equipment, to conduct an information service relating to scientific and industrial matters, and to act for Australia in liaison with other countries in matters of scientific research.
- (ii) The Standards Association of Australia. This Association, which is referred to also in Chapter XXX., acts as the national standardizing organization of Australia and issues standard specifications for materials and codes of practice. Specifications and codes are prepared and revised periodically in accordance with the needs of industry, and standards are evolved and accepted by general consent.
- (iii) The National Association of Testing Authorities. The National Association of Testing Authorities organizes national testing facilities throughout Australia to serve private and governmental needs. Laboratories may register voluntarily in respect of tests within their competence and the Association ensures the maintenance of their standards of testing. It is expected that there will be general acceptance of certificates of tests issued in the name of the Association by the registered laboratories.

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6. Definitions in Factory Statistics.—The statistics relating to factories have been compiled from tabulations made by the Deputy Commonwealth Statisticians of the several States from returns supplied to them annually by manufacturers in accordance with the Statistical Acts of the States and the Commonwealth. A return must be supplied in respect of every factory, which is defined for this purpose as an establishment where four or more persons are employed or where power (other than manual) is used in any manufacturing process. This definition includes factories in educational and charitable institutions, reformatories, and other public institutions (except penitentiaries) but does not cover smallgoods makers, laundries, farriers, photography studios, florists and seedsmen, or most abattoirs. It should be noted that details relating to small establishments not classified for statistical purposes as factories are not included in the figures contained in this chapter.

If a manufacturing business is conducted in conjunction with any other activity, particulars relating to the manufacturing section only are included in the statistics. Where two or more industries are conducted in the same establishment, a separate return is obtained for each industry if practicable.

Manufacturers are requested to state in their returns particulars as to the number, age, wages, etc., of their employees, the value of premises and equipment, the horse-power of machinery, the value, and in most cases the quantities, of raw materials and fuel used, and quantities and values of principal materials and articles produced. The returns obtained from manufacturers are not intended to show a complete record of the income and expenditure of factories nor to show the profits or losses of factories collectively or individually.

The average number of persons employed is quoted on two different bases: the average during the period of operation and the average over the whole year. Of these, the former is simply the aggregate of the average number of persons employed in each factory during its period of operation (whether the whole or only part of the year). This average is used only in respect of details relating to classification according to the number of persons employed. The latter, which is used in all other instances, is calculated by reducing the average number working in the factories (irrespective of period of operation) to the equivalent number working for a full year.

Working proprietors are included in all employment figures other than those relating to monthly employment and age dissections, but salaries and wages paid in all cases exclude drawings by working proprietors.

The value of factory output is the value of the goods manufactured or their value afterpassing through the particular process of manufacture and includes the amount received for repair work, work done on commission and receipts for other factory work. The basis of valuation of the output is the selling value of the goods at the factory, exclusive of all delivery costs and charges and excise duties, but inclusive of bounty and subsidy payments to the manufacturer of the finished article.

The value of production is the value added to raw materials by the process of manufacture. It is calculated by deducting from the value of factory output the value (at the factory) of the materials used, containers and packing, power, fuel and light used, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant (but not depreciation charges).

In the process of manufacture, many goods are treated in several industries, the output of one becoming the raw materials of another, so that such commodities are counted more than once in the aggregate value of output and of raw materials. Examples are raw sugar passing from the mills to the refinery, metals from the smelters which become raw materials in establishments concerned in the production of metal goods, and timber from the saw-mills used in furniture factories and in joinery. On the other hand, the aggregate value of production is assessed without duplication, the value added by each industry being taken into account once only. For this reason, the value of production, and not the value of the output, is used as a measure of activity in the manufacturing industries as a whole.

In the special case of Government factories and workshops, the value of output is, in most cases, estimated by adding 10 per cent. to the value of materials and fuel used and other factory costs, including salaries and wages paid.

Other.

7. Classification of Factories.—In the compilation of statistical data relating to factories in Australia, a standard classification of manufacturing industries, formulated at a conference of Australian statisticians in 1902 and revised from time to time, was used until the year 1929-30. A new classification was introduced in 1930-31, and this in turn was revised and extended (principally in respect of the placement and composition of sub-classes) in accordance with decisions of the Statisticians' Conference, 1945.

Owing to limitations of space, details published in general tables in this chapter are confined either to the sixteen classes of industry or to total factory activity. Particulars of certain of the sub-classes shown below are published in the latter portion of this chapter and full details for all sub-classes may be found in the Bulletin Secondary Industries, published annually.

The principal classes and sub-classes in the current classification of factories are as follows:—

#### CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES.

CLASS I.—TREATMENT OF NON-METALLIFEROUS MINE AND QUARRY PRODUCTS.

Coke Works.
Briquetting and Pulverized Coal.
Carbide.
Lime, Plaster of Paris, Asphalt.
Fibrous Plaster and Products.
Marble, Slate, etc.
Cement, Portland.
Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.
Other Cement Goods.

CLASS II.—BRICKS, POTTERY, GLASS, ETC. Bricks and Tiles. Earthenware, China, Porcelain and Terracotta. Glass (other than Bottles). Glass Bottles.

CLASS III.—CHEMICALS, DYES, EXPLOSIVES, PAINTS, OILS, GREASE.

Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids. Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations. Explosives (including Fireworks). White Lead, Paints and Varnish. Oils, Vegetable. Oils, Mineral. Oils, Animal. Boiling-down, Tallow-refining. Soap and Candles. Chemical Fertilizers. Inks, Polishes, etc. Matches. Other.

## CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES.

Smelting, Converting, Refining, Rolling of Iron and Steel. Foundries (Ferrous). Plant, Equipment and Machinery, etc. Other Engineering. Extracting and Refining of other Metals; Alloys. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus. Construction and Repair of Vehicles (10 groups). Ship and Boat Building and Repairing, Marine Engineering (Government and Other). Cutlery and Small Hand Tools. Agricultural Machines and Implements. Non-Ferrous Metals—Rolling and Extrusion. Founding, Casting, etc. Iron and Steel Sheets. Sheet Metal Working, Pressing, and Stamping. Pipes, Tubes and Fittings—Ferrous. Wire and Wire Netting (including Nails). Stoves, Ovens and Ranges. Gas Fittings and Meters. Lead Mills. Sewing Machines.

CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES—continued.

Arms, Ammunition (excluding Explosives). Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus. Other Metal Works.

CLASS V.—PRECIOUS METALS, JEWELLERY, PLATE JEWEllery.
Watches and Clocks (including Repairs).
Electroplating (Gold, Silver, Chromium, etc.).

### CLASS VI.—Textiles AND Textile Goods (NOT Dress).

Cotton Ginning.
Cotton Spinning and Weaving.
Wool—Carding, Spinning, Weaving.
Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.
Silk, Natural.
Rayon, Nylon and Other Synthetic Fibres.
Flax Mills.
Rope and Cordage.
Canvas Goods, Tents, Tarpaulins, etc.
Bags and Sacks.
Other.

### CLASS VII.—Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear).

Furriers and Fur-dressing.
Woolscouring and Fellmongery.
Tanning, Currying and Leather-dressing.
Saddlery, Harness and Whips.
Machine Belting (Leather or other).
Bags, Trunks, etc.

#### CLASS VIII.—CLOTHING (EXCEPT KNITTED).

Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing. Waterproof and Oilskin Clothing. Dressmaking, Hemstitching. Millinery. Shirts, Collars, Underclothing. Foundation Garments. Handkerchicfs, Ties and Scarves. Hats and Caps. Gloves. Boots and Shoes (not Rubber). Boot and Shoe Repairing. Boot and Shoe Repairing. Umbrellas and Walking Sticks. Dyeworks and Cleaning, etc. Other.

#### CLASS IX.-FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.

Flour-milling.
Cereal Foods and Starch.
Animal and Bird Foods.
Chaffcutting and Corncrushing.
Bakeries (including Cakes and Pastry).
Biscuits.
Sugar-mills.
Sugar-refining.

confectionery (including Chocolate and Icing Sugar).

Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning,
Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar.
Bacon Curing.
Butter Factories.
Cheese Factories. Condensed and Dried Milk Factories. Margarine Meat and Fish Preserving. Condiments, Coffee, Spices. Ice and Refrigerating. Salt. Aerated Waters, Cordials, etc. Breweries. Distilleries. Wine-making. Cider and Perry. Malting. Bottling. Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Snuff. Dehydrated Fruit and Vegetables. Ice Cream.

CLASS X.—SAWMILLS, JOINERY, BOXES, ETC., WOOD TURNING AND CARVING.

Sawmills.
Plywood Mills (including Veneers).
Bark Mills.
Joinery.
Cooperage.
Boxes and Cases.
Woodturning, Woodcarving, etc.
Basketware and Wickerware (including Sea-grass and Bamboo Furniture).
Perambulators (including Pushers and Strollers).
Wall and Ceiling Boards (not Plaster or Cement).

Sausage Casings. Arrowroot. Other.

CLASS XI.—FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC.
Cabinet and Furniture Making (including Billiard Tables and Upholstery).
Bedding and Mattresses (not Wire).
Furnishing Drapery.

CLASS XI.—FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC.—
continued.
Picture Frames.

Blinds.

CLASS XII.—PAPER, STATIONERY, PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, ETC.

Newspapers and Periodicals.
Printing—
Government.
General, including Bookbinding.
Manufactured Stationery.
Stereotyping, Electrotyping.
Process and Photo Engraving.
Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Containers.
Paper Bags.
Paper-making.
Pencils, Penholders, Chalks, Crayons.
Other.

CLASS XIII.—RUBBER.
Rubber Goods (including Tyres Made.)
Tyre Retreading and Repairing.

CLASS XIV.—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Gramophones and Gramophone Records. Pianos, Piano-Players, Organs. Other.

CLASS XV.—MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS.
Linoleum, Leather-cloth, Oil-cloth, etc.
Bone, Horn, Ivory and Shell.
Plastic Moulding and Products.
Brooms and Brushes.
Optical Instruments and Appliances.
Surgical and Other Scientific Instruments and Appliances.
Photographic Material, (including Developing and Printing).
Toys, Games and Sports Requisites.
Artificial Flowers.
Other.

CLASS XVI.—HEAT, LIGHT, AND POWER. Electric Light and Power. Gas Works.

8. Factory Development since 1901—Australia.—The development of the manufacturing industries in Australia at intervals since 1901 is summarized in the following table:—

#### FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

				Salaries			Value of-	-	
Year.		Fac- tories.	Employ- ment.(a)	and Wages Paid.(b)	Materials and Fuel Used.	Output. Production.		Land and Build- ings.	Plant and Ma- chinery.
		No.	'000.	£'000.	£.000.	£'000.	£.000°	£'000.	£'000.
1901		11,143	198	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)
1911	• • •	14,455	312	27,528	81,763	133,022	51,259	32,701	31,516
1920-21		17,113	367	62,932	213,559	323,993	110,434	60,831	68,655
1930-31		21,751	339	62,455	172,489	290,799	118,310	112,211	124,498
1940-41		27,300	650	137,919	386,881	644,795	257,914	144,094	161,356
1949-50		41,596	917	385,797	983,924	1,645,456	661,532	259,549	285,602
1950-51		43,147	969	491,718		2,150,835	843,872	302,785	336,615
1951-52	• • •	45,844	978	611,789	1,609,839	2,634,706	1,024,867	359,490	410,144
1952-53		47,740	933	635.245		2,720,004	1,082,862	414,446	493,534
1953-54		49,576	990	705.137	1,868,431	3,095,476	1,227,045	483,431	580,715
1954-55		51,056	1.031	781.640	2,069,080	3,434,589	1,365,509	555,996	698,292
1955-56		52,406	1,060	853,469	2,263,346	3,764,060	1,500,714	655,582	803,540
1956-57		53,200	1,063	891,090		4,022,413	1,622,120	761,995	923,954

<sup>(</sup>a) 1901 and 1911—average employment during period of operation. Later years relate to average employment over whole year. Working proprietors are included in all years. (b) Excludes drawings by working proprietors. (c) Value of output less value of materials and fuel, etc., used. (d) Not available.

#### § 2. Number of Factories.

1. Number of Factories in each State,—The following table shows the number of factories operating in each State in the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FA	CTC	RIES	<ul> <li>NT</li> </ul>	IMR	FR.

	Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39	••	 9,464	9,250	3,087	2,067	2,129	944	26,941
1952-53		 19,251	15,154	5,068	3,339	3,424	1,504	47,740
1953-54		 20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	49,576
1954-55		 20,837	15,861	5,284	3,750	3,727	1,597	51.056
1955-56		 21,602	16.053	5,378	3,908	3.871	1,594	52,406
1956-57		 21,838	16,232	5,537	4,063	3,935	1,595	53,200

2. Number of Factories in Industrial Classes.—(i) Australia. The next table shows the number of factories in Australia during 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57 classified in the industrial classes agreed upon by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. Details of some of the principal industries included in the table will be found in § 11, page 185.

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956-57
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
and Quarry Products	564	1,276	1,280	1,303	1,337	1,331
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	471	623	639	662	666	672
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,						
Oils, Grease	666	1,090	1,099	1,124	1,139	1,162
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-						
ances	7,255	15,672	16,868	17,842	18,860	19,766
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	290	681	720	746	782	824
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	611	1,270	1,336	1,356	1,362	1,364
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or				010	700	705
Footwear)	533	778	783	810	789	785
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,314	7,036	7,260	7,370	7,390	7,312
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	5,202	7,248	7,379	7,433	7,468	7,315
Turning and Coming	2 022	5,790	5,769	5,845	5,895	5,872
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	2,822 1,149		2,180	2,200	2,203	2.199
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	1,149	2,157	2,100	2,200	2,203	2,199
hinding ata	1.816	2,121	2,179	2,224	2,303	2,367
VIII Dubber	299	446	465	495	513	536
YIV Musical Instruments	34	69	75	79	84	88
XV. Miscellaneous Products	413	1,035	1,095	1,119	1,188	1,185
Total, Classes 1. to XV	26,439	47,292	49,127	50,608	51,979	52,778
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	502	448	449	448	427	422
Grand Total	26,941	47,740	49,576	51,056	52,406	53,200

Although not the best index of manufacturing activity, the number of factories affords some indication of the development of secondary industries. Except for the two war years 1941-42 and 1942-43, when there were decreases, the number of factories increased each year from 1931-32 to 1956-57. In the latter year, the number of factories in Australia reached the record total of 53,200 or nearly twice the number in 1938-39.

(ii) States, 1956-57. The following table shows the number of factories in each State classified according to the nature of the industry:—

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1956-57.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro- ducts	435	445	102	172	121	56	1,331
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	318	161	60	64	50	19	672
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,			l				
Paints, Oils, Grease	580	345	74	83	60	20	1,162
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,					ا ا		
Conveyances	8,144	5,818	2,049	1,720	1,564	471	19,766
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	373	273	44	58	70	6	824
Plate VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	313	213	**	30	/ /	0	024
(not Dress)	486	740	28	49	44	17	1,364
VII, Skins and Leather (not Cloth-					1		-,
ing or Footwear)	357	297	54	38	31	8	785
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	3,411	2,512	532	376	415	66	7,312
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,672	1,999	1,038	698	611	297	7,315
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving	2,321	1,387	844	348	486	486	5,872
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	799	700	296	160	170	74	2,199
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,		) '''	]	1	1		_,,,,,
Bookbinding, etc	999	864	200	149	122	33	2,367
XIII. Rubber	208	146	80	52	33	17	536
XIV. Musical Instruments	37	30	6	.7	8		88
XV. Miscellaneous Products	579	430	58	45	59	14	1,185
Total Classes I. to XV	21,719	16,147	5,465	4,019	3,844	1,584	52,773
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	119	85	72	44	91	11	422
Grand Total	21,838	16,232	5,537	4,063	3,935	1,595	53,200

#### § 3. Classification of Factories according to Number of Persons Employed.

- 1. General.—The size classification of factories is based on the average weekly number of persons employed during the period of operation (including working proprietors).
- 2. States, 1956-57.—The following table shows, for each State, the number of factories classified according to the average number of persons employed:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1956-57.

Size of I (Persons er	Factory mployed)	•	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			N	UMBER O	F FACTOR	RIES.			
Under 4 .	•		8,739	5,853	1,844	1,415	1,953	692	20,496
4			1,820	1,248	576	383	160	146	4,333
5 to 10 .			5,203	3,918	1,564	1,032	939	385	13,041
11 to 20 .			2,811	2,252	699	574	409	175	6,920
21 to 50 .			1,918	1,705	502	381	307	121	4,934
51 to 100 .			692	638	171	154	100	41	1,796
101 to 200 .			353	348	96	64	42	18	921
201 to 300 .			113	113	47	23	17	5	318
301 to 400 .			58	44	11	11		4	128
401 to 500 .			26	29	8	7	3		73
501 to 750 .			46	52	10	7	3	4	122
751 to 1.000.			24	12	6	2	1		45
Over 1,000 .	•		35	20	3	10	1	4	73
Total .	. •		21,838	16,232	5,537	4,063	3,935	1,595	53,200

The relative importance of large and small factories is illustrated by a classification of the average number of persons employed according to the size of factory in which they work:—

FACTORIES: AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1956-57.

	Size of Factory (Persons employed).			Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	Averac	бе Мимве	R EMPLO	YED DURI	NG PERIOR	Worker	<b>).</b>	
Under 4	••	16,497	11,726	3,862	2,946	3,894	1,408	40,333
4		7,280	4,992	2,304	1,532	640	584	17,332
5 to 10		36,028	27,444	10,853	7,188	6,112	2,692	90,317
11 to 20		40,879	33,219	10,272	8,323	5,796	2,598	101,087
21 to 50		59,758	53,729	15,531	12,075	9,571	3,790	154,454
51 to 100		48,175	44,427	12,135	10,906	6,970	2,907	125,520
101 to 200		49,279	48,377	13,482	9,208	5,717	2,547	128,610
201 to 300		27,439	27,239	11,352	5,532	4,022	1,312	76,896
301 to 400	• • •	20,243	14,917	3,618	3,781		1,424	43,983
401 to 500		11,361	12,852	3,724	3,185	1,285	-,	32,407
501 to 750	- 11	28,147	31,938	5,732	4,291	1,700	2,631	74,439
751 to 1,000		20,764	10,459	5,311	1,896	844	2,051	39,274
Over 1,000		74,471	35,194	5,690	21,616	2,985	6,307	146,263
Total		440,321	356,513	103,866	92,479	49,536	28,200	1,070,915
Average per Fac	tory	20.17	21.96	18.76	22.76	12.59	17.68	20.13

<sup>3.</sup> Australia, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57.—In the following table, factories in Australia are classified in broad groups for a series of years according to the number of persons employed.

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED, AUSTRALIA.

			Est	tablishme	nts Emplo	ying on tl	he Averag	c		
	<b>47</b>	20 and	under.	21 to	100.	101 and	upwards.	To	Total.	
	Year.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	
1938-39— Number Average	per establish-	21,982	129,505	4,013	170,971	946	272,022	26,941	572,498	
ment	per establish-		5.89		42.60		287.55		21.25	
Number Average	per establish-	40,066	230,549	6,234	257,099	1,440	453,657	47,740	941,305	
ment			5.75		41.24		315.04		19.72	
1953-54— Number Average	per establish-	41,631	236,727	6,403	265,830	1,542	494,564	49,576	997,121	
ment 1954-55—	per establish-		5.69		41.52	••	320.73		20.11	
Number		42,835	241,233	6,603	273,257	1,618	524,307	51,056	1,038,797	
Average ment 1955-56—	per establish-		5.63	••	41.38		324.00		20.35	
Number		44,012	246,087	6,736	279,991	1,658	542,428	52,406	1,068,506	
Average ment 1956-57-	per establish-		5.59		41.57		327.16		20.39	
Number	**	44,790	249,069	6,730	279,974	1,680	541,872	53,200	1,070,915	
Average ment	per establish-	••	5.56		41.60		322.54		20.13	

#### § 4. Power Equipment in Factories.

1. General.—Since 1936-37, statistics of power equipment in factories relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use and engines in reserve or idle, omitting obsolete engines. In addition, particulars of the power equipment of Central Electric Stations are collected in greater detail. To avoid duplication, it is essential that some distinction should be made between Central Electric Stations and other classes of industries. In the following tables, Central Electric Stations have been treated separately from other factories.

In 1956-57, 420 factories were recorded as using no power other than manual, the distribution of these factories among the various industries being as follows:—Fibrous Plaster and Products, 26; Galvanized Ironworking, Tinsmithing, 17; Tailoring and Readymade Clothing, 102; Dressmaking, 9; Millinery, 7; Bakeries, 25; Cabinet and Furniture Making, 6; all other industries, 228.

2. Rated Horse-power of Engines in Factories other than Central Electric Stations.— The following table shows the number of factories and the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle during 1956-57:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS, 1956-57.

					Number	Rated Ho of Engines a	
		State.			of Factories.	Ordinarily in Use.(b)	In Reserve or Idle (omitting obsolete).
New South Wales				[	21,756	1,889,265	354,208
Victoria					16,179	1,339,098	174,060
Queensland			• • •		5,481	484,130	68,693
South Australia				]	4,022	366,667	44,385
Western Australia					3,848	238,959	31,226
Tasmania				/	1,586	237,907	32,766
Australia	٠.			· · · ĺ	52,872	4,556,026	705,338

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

3. Rated Horse-power of Engines and Electric Motors Ordinarily in Use.—(i) According to Type, States. Particulars of the types and the total rated horse-power of engines, etc., ordinarily in use in each State are given below:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, 1956-57.

		Stea	ım.	Intern	al Combu	stion.		Motors of Electr		
Stare.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)
	-!									
N.S.W.		84,717	118,045				150	1,617,827		1,889,265
Victoria .		22,905	81,270	1,764		14,330	1,079	1,190,000		1,339,098
		85,085	55,553			17,004		311,052		
S. Australia .		9,468	11,050			11,237	10		27,082	
	.	11,167	10,638	1,393	15,788	9,973		190,000	5,170	
Tasmania .		1,533	3	45	10,198	531	192	225,405	3	237,907
Australia .		214,875	276,559	7,973	120,533	74,060	1,431	3,860,595	260,708	4,556,026

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c).

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes particulars in

(ii) According to Type, Australia. In the following table, details of the total rated horse-power of the various types of engines in use are given for Australia for the years 1938-39, and 1952-53 to 1956-57.

FACTORIES(a): TYPES AND TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, AUSTRALIA.

	•	Ste	am.	Intern	al Combi	istion.			Motors driven by Electricity.		
Year		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)	
1938-39 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57		268,409 232,570 237,533 225,192 223,147 214,875	84,149 171,824 170,914 202,162 268,497 276,559	32,916 10,268 8,457 7,407 8,746 7,973	17,971 109,172 109,919 103,954 112,944 120,533	55,799 150,342 109,293 93,465 90,314 74,060	1,616 1,666 1,771 1,695 1,641 1,431		214,617 255,917 226,625 243,800	1,478,772 3,589,363 3,773,282 4,032,010 4,379,662 4,556,026	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c).

(iii) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The next table shows the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use in the various classes of industry in each State.

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE(b), 1956-57.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-							
ferous Mine and Quarry	1						
Products	81,685			20,748		14,988	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	50,074	32,889	8,558	9,344	10,603	2,141	113,609
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,							}
Paints, Oils, Grease	138,436	136,311	10,029	20,656	39,617	10,708	355,757
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,							l
Conveyances	948,529	391,469	90,835	173,125	65,267	58,479	1,727,704
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	l						
Plate	5,049	5,263	1,158	1,132	630	65	13,297
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not	-4	120 (12	6022	7.021	2 700	c 0=2	
Dress)	54,247	128,613	6,932	7,921	2,790	6,873	207,376
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	10000	20.150	5 713		2 002		
ing or Footwear)	18,069		5,713	5,641 3,308	2,883	525	52,983
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	23,240		4,346		2,467	955	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	210,815	200,943	214,194	56,951	37,297	18,979	739,179
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	177 350	122 210	95,366	35,126	49,003	40.071	520.022
Wood Turning and Carving	177,256	122,310	93,300	33,120	49,003	40,971	520,032
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	16,892	16,607	8,736	6,564	3,991	1 545	54 225
etc	10,092	10,007	8,730	0,504	3,351	1,545	54,335
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	67.264	94.915	9.644	14,690	5,454	80,821	272,788
Bookbinding, etc XIII. Rubber	53,783		8,863	3,795	733	320	122,740
VIII Mariant Tanasanana	2,550		52	13	733	320	3,145
2757 247 11 12 12 13 14 14	22,183		629	2,043	831	411	53,125
XV. Miscellaneous Products	22,103	27,028				411	33,123
Total, Classes I. to XV	1,870,072	1,323,282	481,687	361,057	237,774	237,781	4,511,653
XVI. Gas Works	19,193	15,816	2,443	5,610	1,185	126	44,373
Grand Total	1,889,265	1,339,098	484,130	366,667	238,959	237,907	4,556,026

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes particulars in

4. Capacity of Engines and Generators installed in Central Electric Stations.—(i) According to Type, Australia. Particulars of the type and the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in Australia in 1956-57 are given in the following table:—

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: POWER EQUIPMENT, AUSTRALIA, 1956-57.

	Capacity of Engines and Generators.									
Particulars.	Steam.		Internal Combustion.							
	Recipro- cating.	Turbine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Total.			
Engines installed Rated H.P.	6,140	4,904,302	7,115	13,816	344,356	1,214,008	6,489,737			
Generators installed  Kilowatt capacity—  Total installed kW  Effective capacity ,,	4,612 4,224	3,585,597 3,313,182	5,105 3,691	8,535 6,857	218,875 199,810	881,881 846,995	4,704,605 4,374,759			
Horse-power equivalent— Total installed H.P. Effective capacity ,,	6,182 5,662	4,806,421 4,441,254	6,843 4,948	11,44 1 9,192	293,398 267,841	1,182,144 1,135,380				

Note.—The number of establishments classified as Central Electric Stations in 1956-57 was 328.

(ii) States. Details of the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in each State in 1956-57 are given in the next table.

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: NUMBER AND POWER EQUIPMENT, 1956-57.

Particulars	Particulars.			Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Central Electric Station	15	No.	82	53	56	41	87	9	328
Engines installed	Rated	H.P.	2,608,254	1,568,721	724,231	(a)	406,482	(a)	6,489,737
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed Effective capacity	::	kW	1,865,714 1,734,625				295,404 282,703	(a) (a)	4,704,605 4,374,759
Horse-power equival Total installed Effective capacity		H.P.	2,500,952 2,325,230				395,983 378,958	(a) (a)	6,306,429 5,864,277

(a) Not available for publication.

#### § 5. Employment in Factories.

1. Number Employed.—(i) General. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory, including proprietors who work in their own business and "outworkers" (see para. 4 (ii), p. 163), are counted as factory employees, while those employed in selling and distributing, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters employed solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods and retailing storemen, are excluded. Prior to 1945–46, the occupational grouping collected was (i) working proprietors; (ii) managers and overseers; (iii) accountants and clerks; (iv) enginedrivers and firemen; (v) workers in factory, skilled and unskilled; (vi) carters and messengers; and (vii) persons working regularly at home for the establishment. This grouping did not record separate details for technical staff (e.g., chemists, draftsmen, etc.) and supervisory staff and in 1945–46 the set-up on the collection form was amended to obtain the following groupings:—(i) Working proprietors; (ii) managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors; (iii) chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff; (iv) foremen and overseers; (v) skilled and unskilled workers: (vi) carters (excluding delivery only), messengers and persons working regularly at home.

Prior to the year 1928-29, average employment in factories was computed by dividing the sum of the number employed each week by the number of weeks worked. The figures therefore represented the average number employed over the period worked, which, for many factories, was less than a full year. Commencing with the year 1928-29, the figures represent the equivalent average number employed over a full year of fifty-two weeks. The classification of factories according to the number of persons employed (see § 3, p. 155), however, is still based on the old method, but for all other purposes the average number engaged over the full year is used.

(ii) Australia. Particulars of the numbers employed, the increase in employment and the rate per cent. of such increase are given for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57 in the following table:—

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

			Males.	Ì		Females.		Persons.		
Year.		Number Em-	Number Preceding Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.	
		ployed.	Number	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number	Per Cent.
1938-39 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56 1956-57		412,591 723,404 758,508 788,691 811,847 813,551	3,989 -18,567 35,104 30,183 23,156 1,704	4.85 3.98 2.94	152,515 209,857 231,034 242,391 248,651 249,847	1,957 - 25,689 21,177 11,357 6,260 1,196	1.30 -10.91 10.09 4.92 2.58 0.48	565,106 933,261 989,542 1,031,082 1,060,498 1,063,398	- 44,256 56,281 41,540 29,416	-4.53 6.03 4.20 2.85

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

(iii) States. The following table shows, for the same years, (a) the average number of persons employed in manufacturing industries in each State; (b) for each State, the percentage of the total number employed in factories in Australia; and (c) the number so employed per ten thousand of mean population in each State and Australia.

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Таз.	Aust.
	Avi	erage Num	IBER EMPL	OYED DURI	NG FULL	YEAR (52 V	Weeks).	
1938–39		228,781	201,831	54,110	43,371	23,211	13,802	565,106
1952–53		380,213	310,759	93,123	80,483	45,188	23,495	933,261
1953-54		402,595	331,277	98,119	85,503	47,459	24,589	989,542
1954-55		419,810	346,648	100,293	89,565	49,314	25,452	1,031,08
1955-56		433,081	355,185	102,473	92,589	50,108	27,062	1,060,49
1956–57	• •	436,369	355,204	103,426	91,981	48,748	27,670	1,063,39
			PERCENTAG	e of Aust	RALIAN TO	OTAL.		
1938–39		40.48	35.72	9.58	7.67	4.11	2.44	100
1952–53		40.74	33.30	9.98	8.62	4.84	2.52	100
1953-54		40.68	33.48	9.92	8.64	4.80	2.48	100
1954~55		40.71	33.62	9.73	8.69	4.78	2.47	100
1955–56		40.84	33.49	9.66	8.73	4.73	2.55	100
1956~57		41.04	33.40	9.73	8.65	4.58	2.60	100

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT-continued.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			PER 10	,000 of Po	PULATION.	•		
1938-39		836	1,078	537	729	497	581	813
1952-53	[	1,112	1,315	746	1,074	737	761	1,067
1953-54		1,182	1.367	754	1,088	753	795	1,112
195455	[	1,213	1,393	757	1,109	746	813	1,134
1955-56		1,229	1,385	758	1,110	750	848	1,138
1956–57	[	1,216	1,345	749	1,068	712	848	1,113

2. Rates of Increase, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57.—The percentage increase on the average number of persons employed in the preceding year is shown below for each State:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASE OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Year, N		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39		1.74	0.02	3.82	-1.62	0.34	4.80	1.06
1952–53		-6.35	-4.13	-1.30	-4.08	0.20	-2.21	-4.53
1953–54		5.89	6.60	5.36	6.24	5.03	4.66	6.03
1954–55		4.28	4.64	2.22	4.75	3.91	3.51	4.20
1955–56		3.16	2.46	2.17	3.38	1.61	6.33	2.85
1956–57		0.75	0.00	0.93	-0.66	-2.71	2.25	0.27

Note.—Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Persons Employed in Classes of Industry.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the average number of persons employed in factories in each industrial class in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938–39	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954~55	1955–56.	1956–57.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
and Quarry Products	10,343	18,752	18,748	20,560	20,893	20,318
II Database Class at a	15,709	19,571	21,708	22,549		
	15,705	19,5/1	21,708	22,549	22,514	22,102
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,	19,816	26 120	37,988	41,324	44 710	45,753
Oils, Grease	19,010	36,139	37,900	41,324	44,718	43,133
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-	122 622	224 200	207 712		444.374	447,405
ances	177,677	376,398	397,713	422,124		
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	3,726	5,398	5,970	6,029		
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	46,082	60,087	69,482	69,046	68,356	70,176
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or				l .		
Footwear)	10,767	14,126	14,676	14,502		
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	86,092	105,681	112,520	112,802	110,820	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	83,846	120,668	123,073	125,934	126,493	124,723
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	] '	1 '				-
Turning and Carving	30,739	56,984	58,932	61,153	61,914	60,008
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	15,287	20,353	20,975	21,342		21,258
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	10,55	20,555	20,5.5		2-,	,
binding, etc	39,913	53,219	56,119	59,777	62,713	64,719
	7,502	12,288	14,962	16,325	17,287	17,844
27127 27 1 1 2	451	1,267	1.575	1,623	1,739	1,902
	7,727	17,240	19,565	19,962	20,967	21,746
Total, Classes 1. to XV	555,677	918,171	974,006		1,044,300	
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	9,429	15,090	15,536	16,030	16,198	16,611
Grand Total	565,106	933,261	989,542	1,031,082	1,060,498	1,063,398

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each industrial class are shown in the following table for each State:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1956-57.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli- ferous Mine and Ouarry							
Products	7,865	6,398	1,827	1,909	1,536	783	20,318
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	11,313	5,652	1,271	2,159	1,402	365	22,162
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,		-,	,	-,	,		-
Paints, Oils, Grease	20,566	16,653	1,805	3,274	2,768	687	45,753
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,					1		
Conveyances	201,216	131,299	36,540	49,809	19,490	9,051	447,405
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,							
Plate	2,437	2,605	334	426	231	20	6,053
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	23,233	37,945	2,145	2,690	977	3,186	70,176
(not Dress) VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	23,233	31,943	2,143	2,090	) "'	3,100	10,110
ing as Fastures)	5.414	4,724	1,314	1,295	634	73	13,454
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	43,924	47,093	8,535	5,261	3,612	841	109,266
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	38,801	37,542	26,372	11,033	6,511	4,464	124,723
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.	10,000	,		11,000	, ,,,,,,	.,	,
Wood Turning and Carving	20,051	15,093	10,684	4,787	5,898	3,495	60,008
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	, í	′	′	, ,	1		1
etc	8,191	6,312	2,924	2,044	1,301	486	21,258
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,					i l		
Bookbinding, etc	27,569	21,619	5,394	3,949	2,551	3,637	64,719
XIII. Rubber	7,854	6,848	1,708	1,037	250	147	17,844
XIV. Musical Instruments	1,494	293	46	38	31	199	1,902
XV. Miscellaneous Products	9,510	10,313	595	719	410		21,746
Total, Classes I. to XV.	429,438	350,389	101,494	90,430	47,602	27,434	1,046,787
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,931	4,815	1,932	1,551	1,146	236	16,611
Grand Total	436,369	355,204	103,426	91,981	48,748	27,670	1,063,398

4. Persons Employed According to Occupational Grouping.—(i) General. In the following table, the average number of persons employed in each State during 1956-57 is classified according to occupational grouping. As mentioned previously, persons employed in factories are now classified on a basis different from that adopted prior to 1945-46. The nature of this change is indicated in para. 1 of this section (see p. 159).

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED—OCCUPATIONAL GROUPING, 1956-57.

	Average Number of Persons Employed.								
State.	Working Pro- prietors.	Mana- gerial and Clerical Staff, etc.(u)	Chemists, Drafts men, etc.	Foremen and Overseers.	Workers in Factory (Skilled and Un- skilled).	Carters (excluding Delivery only) and Messen- gers, etc. (b)	Total.		
New South Wales	 16,029	52,280	6,380	18,976	340,645	2,059	436,369		
Victoria	 13,967	40,279	5,585	15,498	277,507	2,368	355,204		
Queensland	 4,925	10,230	1,002	3,937	82,802	530	103,426		
South Australia	 2,829	10,903	1,557	4,229	72,104	359	91,981		
Western Australia	 2,715	4,155	454	2,089	39,236	99	48,748		
Tasmania	 1,013	2,749	571	1,333	21,873	131	27,670		
Total Males	 36,455	74,275	14,165	42,781	641,308	4,567	813,551		
Total Females	 5,023	46,321	1,384	3,281	192,859	979	249,847		
<b>Total Persons</b>	 41,478	120,596	15,549	46,062	834,167	5,546	1,063,398		

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes salaried managers and working directors, at home.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes persons working regularly

- (ii) Outworkers. The term "outworker" or "homeworker" has acquired a special meaning in connexion with manufacturing industries, and embraces only persons to whom work is given out by factories to be done at home. Owing to the amended employment groupings adopted in 1945–46, persons working regularly at home for factories are now included with carters, messengers and others and separate details are no longer available. The number of "outworkers" employed by factories in 1944–45 was 1,049.
- 5. Monthly Employment, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the number of persons (excluding working proprietors) employed in factories on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month for the year 1938-39 and on the last pay-day of the month in the later years.

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.
(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

			(EXCLU	DING WC	RKING PI	COPRIETOR			
	Mont	h.		1938-39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.
				N	Males.				_
July				387,693	688,670	704,109	739,450	768,382	775,580
August				389,979	682,882	707,438	741,435	770,312	774,506
September				391,576	680,026	710,246	743,638	771.715	774,119
October				393,977	679,901	715,338	746,139	774,071	774,455
November				395,192	680,398	719,230	750,285	777,304	777,127
December	••	• •		394,438	678,174	716,202	747,230	772,509	772,479
January				385,742	680,298	722,277	750,823	774,077	773,419
February				392,056	689,012	727,754	755,456	778,552	779,646
March				395,146	694,516	732,000	757,956	779,527	780,973
April				391,005	697,202	731,923	760,139	780,418	777,262
May				393,609	698,711	734,340	761,555	780,252	779,757
June	••	• •		390,963	701,500	738,002	763,488	777,968	780,156
				F	MALES.				
July				147,282	201,464	212,322	231,222	238,883	240,918
August				149,294	200,393	214,644	232,603	240,857	241,429
September				151,159	199,910	218,078	234,818	243,289	243,199
October				152,473	201,107	222,255	236,930	244,840	245,130
November				152,806	201,346	224,672	238,146	244,582	245,006
December		• •		151,165	199,707	224,100	236,804	242,366	242,175
January				141,853	201,596	228,838	236,664	240,574	243,191
February				151,883	209,939	232,678	242,008	247,841	248,336
March				154,854	213,470	236,354	242,573	247,209	250,728
April				152,614	211,725	234,175	239,460	244,588	245,873
May				150,693	211,392	232,333	238,450	243,989	244,055
June	••	• •		148,601	211,551	232,009	238,529		242,966
				PE	RSONS.				
July	••			534,975	890,134	916,431		1,007,265	
August				539,273	883,275	922,082		1,011,169	
September	••			542,735	879,936	928,324		1,015,004	
October				546,450	881,008	937,593		1,018,911	
November				547,998	881,744	943,902		1,021,886	
December		• •		545,603	877,881	940,302	984,034	1,014,875	1,014,654
January				527,595	881,894	951,115	987,487	1,014,651	1,016,610
February				543,939	898,951	960,432	997,464	1,026,393	1,027,982
March				550,000	907,986	968,354		1,026,736	
April				543,619	908,927	966,098		1,025,006	
May				544,302	910,103	966,673		1,024,241	
June				539,564	913,051		1,002,017		

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each State on the last pay-day of each month in 1956-57 are shown in the following table:—

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, 1956-57.

(Excluding Working Proprietors.)

Mo	nth.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		·		M	ALES.				
July			312,311	245,995	83,311	73,628	39,363	20,972	775,58
August			312,475	245,787	82,691	73,322	39,200	21,031	774,50
September			312,892	244,644	82,753	73.167	39,576	21,087	774,11
October			313,779	244,317	82,558	73,007	39,614	21,180	774,45
November			314,971	245,747	82,776	72,813	39,537	21,283	777,12
December			314,425	245,225	78,981	72,807	39,393	21,648	772,47
January			316,480	245,220	76,423	73,746	39,471	22,079	773,41
February			317,940	246,878	79,412	73,651	39,975	21,790	779,64
March			318,356	247,576	80,144	73,231	40,066	21,600	780,9
April	••		317,196	246,282	79,777	72,861	39,751	21,395	777,20
May	• •		318,134	246,166	81,548	72,721	39,822	21,366	779,7
June	••		317,824	245,814	83,165	72,553	39,556	21,244	780,1
				Fen	IALES.				
July			102,990	93,961	16,769	15,529	6,409	5,260	240,9
August		• •	103,388	94,049	16,952	15,470	6,401	5,169	241.4
September		• • •	104,370	94,830	17,141	15,403	6,522	4,933	243,1
October		• • •	105,744	95,585	17,058	15,401	6,529	4,813	245,1
November		• • •	105,683	95,324	16,944	15,679	6,544	4,832	245,0
December		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	104,193	94,000	16,631	15,913	6,497	4,941	242,1
January			103,411	93,549	16,703	17,667	6,496	5,365	243,1
February			104,820	96,929	17,624	17,162	6,564	5,237	248,3
March			105,678	98,440	17,614	17,116	6,680	5,200	250,7
April			104,654	96,184	16,839	16,302	6,562	5,332	245,8
May			104,525	95,101	16,708	15,817	6,489	5,414	244,0
June	••		104,642	94,333	16,793	15,775	6,262	5,161	242,9
			<u> </u>	PE	RSONS.	<u> </u>	!		<u> </u>
July			415,301	339,956	100,080	89,157	45,772	26,232	1,016,4
August	• •	• •	415,863	339,836	99,643	88,792	45,601	26,200	1,015,9
September	• •	••	417,262	339,474	99,894	88,570	46,098	26,020	1,017,3
October	• •	• •	417,202	339,902	99,616	88,408	46,143	25,993	1,017,5
November	• •	• •	420,654	341,071	99,720	88,492	46,081	26,115	1,022,1
December	• •	• • •	418,618	339,225	95,612	88,720	45,890	26,589	1,014,6
January			419,891	338,769	93,126	91,413	45,967	27,444	1,016,6
February	•••		422,760	343,807	97,036	90,813	46,539	27,027	1,027,9
March	••	• • •	424,034	346,016	97,758	90,347	46,746	26,800	1,031,7
April	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	421,850	342,466	96,616	89,163	46,313	26,727	1,023,1
May	••	••	422,659	341,267	98,256	88,538	46,311	26,780	1,023,8
June	••	•••	422,466	340,147	99,958	88,328	45,818	26,405	1,023,1
AIL	• •	• •	1	10,277	1,	1,-20	1,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

6. Distribution of Employees According to Age.—The extension of statistics of employment in factories, decided upon at the Conference of Australian Statisticians held in 1945, permits of a distribution of employees (excluding working proprietors) into seven age-groups from 1945-46 onwards, instead of three as in previous years. The particulars are collected as at June. The number employed in each age-group on the last pay-day in June, 1956 and 1957, are given below:-

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, JUNE, 1956 AND 1957.

(EXCLUDIN	G WORKING	G PROPRIET	rors.)	
	June, 1956.			June, 19
Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Female

A == C====		June, 1956			June, 1957.	
Age Group.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
Under 16 years .	9,061	6,557	15,618	9,158	6,828	15,986
16 years	. 13,025	8,163	21,188	13,310	8,292	21,602
17,	. 14,985	9,390	24,375	15,289	9,276	24,565
18 ,,	. 15,348	10,102	25,450	16,104	9,715	25,819
19 ,,	14,884	9,072	23,956	15,219	8,986	24,205
20 ,,	. 13,635	7,801	21,436	14,162	7,959	22,121
21 ,, and over .	. 697,030	191,463	888,493	696,914	191,910	888,822
Total	. 777,968	242,548	1,020,516	780,156	242,966	1,023,122

The following table shows the age distribution in sexes for Australia in June, 1939, and 1953 to 1957.

#### FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES IN JUNE, ACCORDING TO AGE, AUSTRALIA.

			(Exclu	DING WO	RKING PR	OPRIETORS	s.) 		
In Jur	ne.	Under 16 Years	16 Years.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total.
				N	MALES.				
1939(a)	••	16,109	1		76,418			298,436	390,963
1953		9,011	12,451	13,893	13,655	12,383	12,293	627,814	701,500
1954		9,294	12,874	14,947	14,591	12,971	12,426	660,899	738,002
1955		9,093	13,137			13,772		684,613	763,488
1956		9,061			15,348				
1957		9,158			16,104		14,162	696,914	780,156
<u></u>				Fı	MALES.				
1939(a)		15,497			56,273			76,831	148,601
1953		6,874	8,303	9,072	9,237	8,623	7,945	161,497	211,551
1954		7,228		9,899				179,709	232,009
1955		6,605					7,710	187,171	238,529
1956		6,557				9,072			242,548
1957		6,828					7,959	191,910	242,966
				Pı	ersons.				
1939(a)	•••	31,606			132,691			375,267	539,564
1953		15,885	20,754	22,965	22,892	21,006	20,238	789,311	913,051
1954		16,522						840,608	970,011
1955		15,698							1,002,017
1956		15,618			25,450				1,020,516
1957		15,986						888,822	1,023,122

<sup>(</sup>a) Details for individual ages 16-20 years not available separately.

#### § 6. Sex Distribution in Factories.

1. Average Number of Males and Females Employed. The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in factories in each State for 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FACTORIES: MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

State.		1938-39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
			Males				
New South Wales		167,172	291,704	305,040	316,673	327,106	329,386
Victoria		136,218	228,724	240,698	251,675	258,006	258,119
Queensland		43,941	77,627	81,425	83,290	85,123	85,899
South Australia		35,406	67,114	70,657	73,714	76,144	75,543
Western Australia		18,704	38,614	40,439	42,294	43,340	42,122
Tasmania		11,150	19,621	20,249	21,045	22,128	22,482
Australia	• •	412,591	723,404	758,508	788,691	811,847	813,551
			FEMALES	S.			
New South Wales		61,609	88,509	97,555	103,137	105,975	106,983
Victoria		65,613	82,035	90,579	94,973	97,179	97,085
Queensland		10,169	15,496	16,694	17,003	17,350	17,527
South Australia		7,965	13,369	14,846	15,851	16,445	16,438
Western Australia		4,507	6,574	7,020	7,020	6,768	6,626
Tasmania		2,652	3,874	4,340	4,407	4,934	5,188
Australia		152,515	209,857	231,034	242,391	248,651	249,847

<sup>2.</sup> Rate of Variation for each Sex.—The percentages of increase or decrease on the average numbers of males and females employed in the preceding year are shown below for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASES OF MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

			2.011 201				
State.		1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.
,			Males	•			
New South Wales	•••	1.69	-4.30	4.57	3.81	3.29	0.70
Victoria		0.04	-2.13	5.24	4.56	2.52	0.04
Queensland		3.79	-0.06	4.89	2.29	2.20	0.91
South Australia		-2.39	-1.37	5.28	4.33	3.30	-0.79
Western Australia		-0.30	2.12	4.73	4.59	2.47	-2.81
Tasmania		4.40	-1.57	3.20	3.93	5.15	1.60
Australia		0.98	-2.50	4.85	3.98	2.94	0.21
			Female	s.			
New South Wales		1.88	-12.53	10.22	5.72	2.75	0.95
Victoria		-0.03	- 9.30	10.42	4.85	2.32	-0.10
Queensland		3.96	- 7.08	7.73	1.85	2.04	1.02
South Australia		1.98	-15.72	11.05	6.77	3.75	-0.04
Western Australia		3.06	- 9.76	6.78		- 3.59	-2.10
Tasmania		6.51	- 5.35	12.03	1.54	11.96	5.15
Australia		1.30	-10.91	10.09	4.92	2.58	0.50

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Masculinity of Persons Employed in Factories.—The extent to which females are employed in the factories of Australia may perhaps be more clearly shown by giving the masculinity of persons employed in each State. The following table shows particulars for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FACTORIES:	MASCULINITY(a)	OF PERSONS	EMPLOYED.
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Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56	 271 330 313 307 309 308	208 279 266 265 265 266	432 501 488 490 491 490	445 502 476 465 463 460	415 587 576 602 640 636	420 506 467 478 448 433	271 345 328 325 327 326

(a) Number of males per 100 females.

For a number of years prior to 1926-27, there were on the average 300 males employed in factories for every 100 females, but by 1932-33, as a result of the particularly severe effect of the depression on the heavier industries where males predominate in number, there were only 239 males employed to every 100 females. With the subsequent recovery of employment in the heavier industries, the proportion of males per 100 females increased to 271 in 1937-38 and 1938-39. The enlistment of men in the armed services and the expansion of industry and the consequential absorption of women brought about by the 1939-45 War caused a decrease in masculinity from 1938-39 to 1943-44. However, following the cessation of hostilities in 1945 and the return of servicemen to civilian life, the number of females employed in factories declined and masculinity increased. In 1956-57, there were 326 males to every 100 females employed in factories.

4. Employment of Females in Particular Industries.—(i) General. The majority of females in manufacturing industries are employed in four classes, namely:—IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, etc.; VI., Textiles; VIII., Clothing; and IX., Food, Drink and Tobacco. In 1956-57, these industries accounted for 78.37 per cent. of all females in factories. In two classes only did the number of females exceed the number of males, namely, in Class VI., Textiles, where there were 133 females to every 100 males and in Class VIII., Clothing, with 233 females to every 100 males. The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in each of the four classes in 1956-57:—

MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED IN PARTICULAR INDUSTRIES, 1956-57.

Class.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		MALES.			<u>'</u>		
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	177,312	116,890	34,242	44,567	18,616	8,541	400,168
(not Dress)	9,436	16,783	758	1,343	545	1,230	30.095
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	12,513	14.536	2,466	1.723	1,210	355	32,803
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	26,982	27,191	22,472	7.892	5,114	3,102	92,753
All Other Classes	103,143	82,719	25,961	20,018	16,637	9,254	257,732
Total	329,386	258,119	85,899	75,543	42,122	22,482	813,551
		FEMALES					
IV. Industrial Metals, etc	23,904	14,409	2,298	5,242	874	510	47,237
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	12 207	21.162	4 207		432	1.956	40,081
(not Dress)	13,797	21,162 32,557	1,387	1,347	2,402	486	76,463
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	31,411 11.819	10.351	6,069 3,900	3,538 3,141	1,397	1,362	31,970
All Oak as Classes	26,052	18,606	3,873	3,170	1,521	874	54,096
All Other Classes							
Total	106,983	97,085	17,527	16,438	6,626	5,188	249,847

(ii) Females Employed in Clothing Manufacture. The employment of females in the several industries of Class VIII., Clothing, the class in which the largest number of females is employed, and the relation of their number to that of the males so employed are shown in the following table.

Total

	New	South V	Vales.		Victoria.		Ot	her Stat	es.
Industry.	Males.	Fe- males.	Feminity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femininity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femi- ninity. (a)
Tailoring and Ready-made									
Clothing	3,064	14,138	461	2,939	7,224	246	1,089	3,466	318
Waterproof and Oilskin	-,	,		1 -,,,,,,	','		, , , , , ,	.,	
Clothing	114	591	518	129	347	269	12	63	525
Dressmaking, Hemstitching	160	1,610	1,006	1,213	7,511	619	151	2,654	1,758
Millinery	248	1,306	527	196	766	391	39	411	1,054
Shirts, Collars, Undercloth-		1,500		1					-,
ing	454	4,055	893	806	5.819	722	159	1,864	1,172
Foundation Garments	120	1,264	1,053	224	1,532	684	21	157	748
Handkerchiefs, Ties and		, -,	-,		-,				
Scarves	150	991	661	94	405	431	35	117	334
Hats and Caps	484	491	101	213	164	77	26	117	450
Gloves	107	341	319	34	218	641	40	146	365
Boots and Shoes (not Rub-	l		[			'			
ber)	3,435	3,561	104	5,393	5,743	106	1,848	1,452	79
Boot and Shoe Repairing	1,524	110	1 7	751	43	6	680	56	8
Boot and Shoe Accessories	191	99	52	422	235	56	39	7	18
Umbrellas and Walking								l .	
Sticks	58	119	205	30	101	337	16	44	275
Dyeworks and Cleaning (in-	]								
cluding Renovating and	i							l	
Repairing)	2,359	2,369	100	1,980	2,047	103	1,599	1,941	121
Other	45	366	813	112	402	359	٠.,	l '	

#### EMPLOYMENT IN CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, FEMININITY(a), 1956-57.

251 (a) Number of females per 100 males.

14,536

32,557

224

5,754

12,513

31,411

12,495

217

#### § 7. Child Labour in Factories.

- 1. Conditions of Child Labour.—The employment of young persons in factories in the States is regulated by Acts of Parliament, as is the case with the employment of female labour. The object of the restrictions imposed is to ensure, amongst other things, that a proper period shall be devoted to primary education, and that the early years of labour shall not exhaust the worker before the attainment of full growth.
- 2. Number of Children Employed, 1939, 1956 and 1957.—In the returns for the various States, the term "child" denotes any person under sixteen years of age. The decline in the number of children employed from the peak of 33,553 reached in June, 1940, to 15,986 in June, 1957, was probably caused by several factors, including (i) the raising of the school leaving age in New South Wales and Tasmania, (ii) fewer children available for employment owing to the decline in the birth rate and (iii) the high level of employment which enabled parents to keep their children at school beyond the statutory leaving age.

The following table shows the number of children of each sex employed in manufacturing industries in June of the years mentioned.

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, JUNE.

		1939.			1956.			1957.	
State	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	5,759 6,167 1,790 1,296 705 392	7,084 5,005 1,334 1,053 521 500	12,843 11,172 3,124 2,349 1,226 892	2,538 2,888 1,749 872 901 113	1,860 2,338 1,199 723 361 76	4,398 5,226 2,948 1,595 1,262 189	2,584 2,966 1,711 878 898 121	1,981 2,480 1,205 724 327 111	4,565 5,446 2,916 1,602 1,225 232
Australia	16,109	15,497	31,606	9,061	6,557	15,618	9,158	6,828	15,986

(a) Under sixteen years of age.

3. Industries Employing Child Labour.—The distribution of children employed in factories in June, 1957, and the proportion of children employed to total employees are given in the following table according to the class of industry:—

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, BY CLASSES, AUSTRALIA, JUNE, 1957.

Class of Industry.	Children 1	Employed.		nployees.	cent.) of Employed Empl	ion (per Children i to Total oyees. b)
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress) Clothing (except Knitted) Food, Drink and Tobacco Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbinding All other Industries	4,298 502 536 1,094 690 420 706 912	765 1,311 2,708 753 86 62 594 549	388,276 29,408 27,334 88,365 51,504 15,968 46,142 133,159	47,800 39,491 73,621 29,358 3,062 3,682 16,908 29,044	1.11 1.71 1.96 1.24 1.34 2.63	1.60 3.32 3.68 2.56 2.81 1.68 3.51 1.89
Total	9,158	6,828	780,156	242,966	1.17	2.81

<sup>(</sup>a) Under sixteen years of age.

4. Apprenticeship.—In all the States, Acts are in force for the regulation of the age at which children may be employed in gainful occupations. Legislative provision is also made for the regulation of apprenticeship under the various State Factories Acts or Arbitration Acts. These Acts, while laying down general principles, leave to the wages tribunals the actual determination of the conditions under which apprentices may be employed.

#### § 8. Costs of Production and Value of Output.

Note.—In all tables relating to salaries and wages paid in factories, the amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded.

- 1. General.—The importance of the manufacturing industries of Australia is indicated by the fact that the total value of their output for 1956-57 was £4,022,413,044, of which £2,247,183,977 was the value of the materials used, including containers, etc., tools replaced and repairs to plant and buildings, and £153,110,187 the value of the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the last two amounts and the value of output, namely, £1,622,119,880, represents the value of production as defined by the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925, i.e., "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production." The total amount of salaries and wages paid in factories in 1956-57 was £891,089,642. This figure, which excludes amounts drawn by working proprietors, was the highest ever recorded and shows an increase of £37,620,170 or 4.41 per cent. on that for the previous year.
- 2. Salaries and Wages Paid.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The amounts of salaries and wages paid in the various classes of industry in each State are shown in the following table.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes working proprietors.

FACTORIES:	<b>SALARIES</b>	AND	WAGES	PAID,	1956-57.
	(£	(.000°			

Class of Industry.
ous Mine and Quarry Products         7,832         5,919         1,515         1,766         1,263         676         18,97           II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.         10,686         5,126         1,036         1,980         1,161         331         20,320           III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease         20,064         16,311         1,504         2,969         2,638         754         44,24           V. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances         186,755         116,970         28,099         44,623         15,030         8,436         399,91           VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)         1,831         2,108         216         316         149         12         4,63           VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)         4,448         3,856         974         1,119         518         54         10,96           VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)         26,451         30,186         4,277         3,005         1,782         499         66,20           IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco         31,696         31,404         21,944         8,357         4,857         3,565         101,82           X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving etc.         6,390         4,619         1,839         1,460 </th
ducts      7,832     5,919     1,515     1,766     1,263     676     18,97       III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease     10,686     5,126     1,036     1,980     1,161     331     20,329       IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances     20,064     16,311     1,504     2,969     2,638     754     44,249       V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate     1,831     2,108     216     316     149     12     4,63       VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)     16,904     28,269     1,262     2,025     698     2,044     51,20       VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)     4,448     3,856     974     1,119     518     54     10,96       VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)     26,451     30,186     4,277     3,005     1,782     499     66,20       X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving Etc.     6,390     4,619     1,839     1,460     805     315     15,42
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease   20,064   16,311   1,504   2,969   2,638   754   44,24     IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances   186,755   116,970   28,099   44,623   15,030   8,436   399,91     VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)   1,831   2,108   216   316   149   12   4,63     VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)   4,448   3,856   974   1,119   518   54   10,96     IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco   26,451   30,186   4,277   3,005   1,782   499   66,20     X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   6,390   4,619   1,839   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco   31,696   31,404   21,944   8,357   4,857   3,565   101,82     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   6,390   4,619   1,839   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,839   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.   1,830   1,460   805   315   15,42     IX. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.
Paints, Oils, Grease
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances
Conveyances
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate
Plate
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)  VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)  JX. Food, Drink and Tobacco  X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,  Wood Turning and Carving  XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,  etc.  6,390  4,448  3,856  974  1,119  518  54  10,96  6,20  1,782  4,857  3,565  101,82  7,511  3,858  4,323  2,695  46,54  10,96  6,20  10,82  10,82  10,96  10,82  10,96  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98  10,98
ing or Footwear) . 4,448 3,856 974 1,119 518 54 10,96 VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) . 26,451 30,186 4,277 3,005 1,782 499 66,20 IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco . 31,696 31,404 21,944 8,357 4,857 3,565 101,82 X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving I6,027 12,127 7,511 3,858 4,323 2,695 46,54 XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc 6,390 4,619 1,839 1,460 805 315 15,42
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)       26,451       30,186       4,277       3,005       1,782       499       66,20         IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco       31,696       31,404       21,944       8,357       4,857       3,565       101,82         X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.       16,027       12,127       7,511       3,858       4,323       2,695       46,54         XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.       6,390       4,619       1,839       1,460       805       315       15,42
JX. Food, Drink and Tobacco     31,696     31,404     21,944     8,357     4,857     3,565     101,82       X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.     16,027     12,127     7,511     3,858     4,323     2,695     46,54       6,390     4,619     1,839     1,460     805     315     15,42
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc
Wood Turning and Carving 16,027 12,127 7,511 3,858 4,323 2,695 46,54 XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc 6,390 4,619 1,839 1,460 805 315 15,42
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc 6,390 4,619 1,839 1,460 805 315 15,42
etc 6,390 4,619 1,839 1,460 805 315 15,42
Bookbinding, etc 24,802 19,552 4,076 3,237 2,019 3,675 57,36
XIII. Rubber
XIV. Musical Instruments 1,336 252 27 26 23 1,66
XV. Miscellaneous Products 7,798 8,008 392 546 251 151 17,14
Total, Classes 1. to XV. 370,594 291,241 75,958 76,231 35,705 23,341 873,07
XVI. Heat, Light and Power . 7,738 5,367 1,822 1,587 1,211 295 18,02
Grand Total 378,332 296,608 77,780 77,818 36,916 23,636 891,09

(ii) Totals and Averages, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57.—The following table shows the total amount of salaries and wages paid, and the average amount paid per employee in each State, for each of the years indicated. The figures exclude working proprietors and the amounts drawn by them:—

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID.

	Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		 Тот	AL AMOU	NT PAID	(£'000).	!		
1938-39		 44,606	36,027	10,887	8,169	4,574	2,480	106,743
1952-53		 265,910	210,878	57,591	56,546	28,344	15,976	635,245
1953-54		 293,586	236,037	63,433	63,110	31,590	17,381	705,137
1954-55		 326,615	262,750	68,300	70,373	34,738	18,864	781,640
1955-56		 359,023	286,944	72,460	76,237	37,207	21,598	853,469
1956–57		 378,332	296,608	77,780	77,818	36,916	23,636	891,090
		Av	ERAGE PEI	R EMPLOY	EE (£).		`	`
1938-39		 201.77	185.64	210.78	195.57	207.90	188.31	196.31
1952-53		 728.11	709.15	649.94	724.52	664.59	707.89	710.2
1953-54		 758.65	743.29	678.35	761.27	703.26	734.60	742.62
1954-55		 804.43	790.00	714.83	810.32	744.17	771.27	789.33
1955-56		 860.91	841.16	740.93	848.43	785.23	828.65	837.3
1956-57		 900.06	869.21	789.63	872.87	801.95	886.68	871.98

In comparing the figures in the preceding table, regard should be paid to the nature of certain industries which are carried on to a greater extent in some States than in others. In Victoria, for instance, a large number of hands is employed in Class VIII., Clothing, comprising a relatively high percentage of women and children. The highest average wages per employee in 1956-57 were paid in New South Wales, Tasmania and South Australia, in that order.

The average earnings per employee rose annually from 1938-39 to 1943-44 when a level of £291 was attained as a result of war-time conditions. In 1944-45, the average dropped to £285 and remained at this level in 1945-46. From 1945-46, average earnings rose each year and in 1956-57 reached a record level of nearly £872.

(iii) Total and Average Earnings of Males and Females, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. Particulars for these years are given in the table on the following page.

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES—MALES AND FEMALES.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.			
Males. Total Amount Paid (£'000).											
1938-39		38,272	29,006	9,920	7,488	4,129	2,234	91,049			
1952-53		224,745	171,897	51,519	50,594	25,756	14,249	538,760			
1953-54		245,749	190,573	56,608	56,299	28,684	15,320	593,233			
1954-55		274,467	213,377	61,125	62,942	31,748	16,736	660,395			
1955-56		302,880	234,784	64,918	68,213	34,236	19,146	724,177			
1956–57		318,612	241,587	69,873	69,645	33,895	20,878	754,490			
•			Average P	ER MALE E	MPLOYEE (£)	).					
1938-39		239.24	224.47	238.59	220.95	235.49	212.09	231.84			
1952-53		807.77	793.11	701.45	779.90	711.80	761.21	782.87			
1953-54		844.05	833.71	733.34	824.49	754.20	791.86	820.98			
1954-55	- ::	906.61	891.40	773.47	883.13	797.80	833.05	877.84			
1955-56	- ::	967.45	955.00	802.89	925.47	839.62	904.78	933.92			
1956-57	- ::	1,010.17	981.79	857.48	953.42	856.63	970.11	970.91			
				FEMALES							
			TOTAL A	AMOUNT PAI							
1938-39		6,334	7,021	967	681	445	246	15,694			
1952-53		41,165	38,981	6,072	5,952	2,588	1,727	96,485			
1953-54		47,837	45,464	6,825	6,811	2,906	2,061	111,904			
1954-55		52,148	49,373	7,175	7.431	2,990	2,128	121,245			
1955-56		56,143	52,160	7,542	8,024	2.971	2,452	129,292			
1956-57	- ::	59,720	55,020	7,907	8,174	3,021	2,758	136,600			
		A	VERAGE PE	R FEMALE E	EMPLOYEE (£	:).					
1938-39	•••	103.66	108.25	96.00	86.44	99.58 1	93.19	103.92			
1952-53	- ::	473.28	483.46	400.48	451.80	400.32	448.58	467.79			
1953-54	- ::	499.19	510.96	418.23	465.95	421.93	477.84	493.10			
1954–55		514.94	529.63	431.68	477.12	434.21	487.12	509.56			
1955-56	•••	540.06	547.42	445.22	496.84	449.61	500.06	530.23			
1056 55		569.11	578.14	464.68	507.53	467.32	537.11	557.95			
1936-37	'	202.11	270.14	404.00	301.33	401.32	331.11	331.33			

(iv) Managers, Clerical Staff and Other Employees. A further analysis of salaries and wages paid is given in the following table for 1956-57 and shows the amounts paid to managerial and clerical staff, including salaried managers and working directors, chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff, and those paid to other employees. As previously mentioned, amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded in all cases.

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID TO MANAGERS, CLERICAL STAFF, ETC., AND OTHER EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA, 1956-57.

Class of Inc	iustry.		Staff, C	s, Clerical hemists, nen, etc	All Other Employees.		
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
			£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	
I. Treatment of Non-metalli	ferous Mine and Q	ıarry					
Products			2,373	394	16,080	124	
<ol> <li>Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc</li> </ol>			1,776	415	17,391	738	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosi-	ves, Paints, Oils, G	rease	9,983	2,079	28,254	3,924	
IV. Industrial Metals, Machin	es, Conveyances		56,700	12,160	316,462	14,591	
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery	Plate		521	203	3,428	480	
VI. Textiles and Textile Good	s (not Dress)		4,553	1,889	24,461	20,299	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cl	othing or Footwea	r)	1,302	260	7,944	1,463	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)			4,451	2,343	21,048	38,358	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	·		13,017	3,652	71,602	13,552	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes,	etc., Wood Turning	and	i '		i i		
Carving			4,765	1,035	40,173	568	
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedd	ing, etc		1,490	453	11,992	1,493	
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing	g. Bookbinding, etc		7,371	2,423	40,609	6,948	
XIII. Rubber			2,378	537	12,173	1,572	
XIV. Musical Instruments			224	80	1,137	223	
XV. Miscellaneous Products			2,364	776	10,537	3,469	
Total, Classes I. 1	o XV		113,268	28,710	623,290	107,802	
XVI. Heat, Light and Power			1,757	66	16,174	23	
Grand Total			115,025	28,776	639,464	107,825	
Average paid per employee			£. 1,300.60	£. 603.20	£. 928.57	£. 547.00	

3. Power, Fuel and Light Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The expenditure by factories on power, fuel and light, including the value of lubricants and water, is of considerable importance; in 1956-57 it amounted to a new high level of £153,110,000, an increase of £13,983,000 as compared with the previous year and almost ten times the corresponding value in 1938-39. The following table shows the value of power, fuel and light, etc., used in the different classes of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1956-57. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-					1 1		1 .
ducts	2,714	1,991	752	888	614	338	7,297
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3,609	1,961	401	561	486	162	7,180
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,			l				
Paints, Oils, Grease	5,948	6,196	322	805	1,854	307	15,432
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,			l	1			
Conveyances	27,275	6,212	1,774	5,580	1,008	1,670	43,519
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,				l	11	_	
Plate	133	136	10	38	11	1	329
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods					1		
(not Dress)	1,549	2,158	63	216	54	194	4,234
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-						_	
ing or Footwear)	454	469	.79	147	69	. 6	1,224
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	891	933	172	132	85	40	2,253
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	6,027	5,651	2,862	1,267	969	487	17,263
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,				i			
Wood Turning and Carving	1,460	649	427	165	315	301	3,317
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,						_	
etc	168	111	45	39	23	7	393
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,							
Bookbinding, etc	1,284	1,705	136	267	89	1,253	4,734
XIII. Rubber	1,027	983	160	114	23	18	2,325
XIV. Musical Instruments	78	13	1	(b)	(b)	•• .	92
XV. Miscellaneous Products	509	506	11	55	12	4	1,097
Total, Classes I. to XV.	53,126	29,674	7,215	10,274	5,612	4,788	110,689
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	18,319	10,707	5,915	3,856	3,613		42,421
The second secon							
Grand Total	71,445	40,381	13,130	14,130	9,225	4,799	153,110

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

(ii) Values of Items, 1956-57. The following table shows the values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in factories in each State, during the year:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF ITEMS OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1956-57.

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black "Brown Brown Coal Briquettes Coke Wood Fuel Oil Tar (Fuel) Electricity Gas Other (Charcoal, etc.)	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	21,338  12,330 444 8,224 1,101 19,369 3,251 1,861	2,738 7,540 1,696 1,121 637 11,616 257 10,841 986 833	7,134  425 440 1,311 8 2,801 147	(b) 4,023  3,205 404 2,264 88 3,035 229 339	2,646  217 421 2,104 36 1,934 1,934 1,374	1,227  288 205 607 20 2,114 39 122	39,106 7,540 1,696 17,586 2,551 26,126 1,510 40,094 4,729 4,675
Water Lubricating Oils  Total	•	2,350 1,177 71,445	1,314 802 40,381	337 381 13.130	324 219 14,130	9,225	4,799	4,624 2,873 153,110

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes value of lubricants and water. of Leigh Creek coal.

<sup>(</sup>b) Less than £500.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes £1,044,000, the value of 462,000 tons

(iii) Quantities of Fuel Used, 1956-57. The following table shows the quantities of fuel used in factories in each State during the year:—

FACTORIES:	QUANTITIES	OF FUEL	USED	1956-57
------------	------------	---------	------	---------

Particulars.	Unit.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black	'000 tons	5,560	408 9,058 347	1,639	(a) 955	538	240	9,340 9,058 347
Coke Wood Fuel Oil	", '000'gals.	2,033 207 131,171	131 324 212,291	39 225 15,311	335 167 38,538	23 322 28,321	17 91 7,338	2,578 1,336 432,970
Tar (Fuel)	<u> </u>	34,099	4,985	261	2,184	1,001	420	42,950

(a) Includes 462,000 tons of Leigh Creek coal.

(iv) Total Value, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. The next table shows the amounts expended on power, fuel and light during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED.(a)
(£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938–39	7,652	4,000	1,423	1,018	1,169	438	15,700
	53,630	25,626	9,624	11,806	6,175	2,476	109,337
	58,447	29,080	10,655	12,500	6,972	2,804	120,458
	60,925	31,767	11,620	12,897	8,046	3,127	128,382
	66,469	34,598	11,980	12,830	9,053	4,097	139,027
	71,445	40,381	13,130	14,130	9,225	4,799	153,110

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

4. Value of Materials Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The value of materials used (which includes the value of containers, packing, etc., the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant) in factories in Australia in 1956-57 reached £2,247,183,000, representing 55.9 per cent. of the value of the final output (see para. 5). The following table shows the value of the materials used in various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED, 1956-57. (£'000.)

		(					
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	1	44 600					133
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	27,756	11,639	3,572	3,956	2,335	1,175	50,433
	8,844	5,054	855	1,926	752	237	17,668
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease	106,365	90,825	7,791	12,688	32,999	1,878	252,546
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	100,505	30,823	1,791	12,000	32,339	1,070	232,340
Conveyances	395,935	175,401	48,886	89,579	20,553	18,244	748,598
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	3,50,500	1,70,101	40,000	1 65,575	20,555	10,211	110,550
Plate	1,852	3,156	102	229	71	6	5,416
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	-,	-,	1	i	'-	•	-,
(not Dress)	42,814	71,068	4,997	4,795	4,450 (	5,639	133,763
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		1		1	'	-	1
ing or Footwear)	15,111	12,570	3,389	7,126	1,406	240	39,842
VIII, Clothing (except Knitted)	44,403	47,648	6,217	3,269	2,093	333	103,963
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	166,340	174,978	137,672	38,021	27,114	15,606	559,731
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	20.00		1		ا میما		101.500
Wood Turning and Carving	38,626	24,513	15,321	10,359	7,118	5,632	101,569
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1 12 722	0074	3.00	0.660		463	20 102
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	12,722	8,974	3,696	2,668	1,669	403	30,192
D 11.1 11	45,374	42,933	6.394	5,273	2.964	6,851	109,789
XIII. Rubber	18,137	15,455	3,534	1,521	325	187	39,159
XIV. Musical Instruments	2,989	305	15	1,321	323	10,	3,320
XV. Miscellaneous Products	12,602	16,815	485	963	257	78	31,200
The second secon	12,002						
Total, Classes 1, to XV.	939.870	701,334	242,926	182,379	104.111	56,569	2,227,189
10,40, 0,2000 1, 17 11.1				102,575			1
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	8,523	6,395	2,048	1,830	858	340	19,994
Grand Total	948,393	707,729	244,974	184,209	104,969	56,909	2,247,183

(ii) Total Amount, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. The following table shows the value of materials used in factories for these years:—

<b>FACTORIES:</b>	VALUE	OF	<b>MATERIALS</b>	USED.
	(£'	000.	)	

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
								ļ
1938-39		120,502	82,971	42,596	20,309	9,604	5,321	281,303
1952-53		627,954	476,489	187,572	133.818	63,943	38,029	1,527,805
1953-54		721,311	548,111	211,451	152,590	72,468	42,042	1,747,973
1954-55		802,617	616,666	224,336	169,136	80,583	47,360	1,940,698
1955-56		886,082	674.846	231,584	183,196	96,360	53,751	2,125,819
1956-57	- ;;	948,393	707,729	244,974	184,209	104,969	56,909	2,247,183

5. Value of Output.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The value of the output of factories in the various classes in each State in 1956-57 is shown in the following table. It represents the selling value at the factory (excluding delivery costs and charges) of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition, it includes the amount received for other work done such as repair work, assembling and making up for customers. The difference between the sum of the values of the materials and of the power, fuel and light used, and the value of output is the real value of factory production (see para. 6).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT, 1956-57. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	45.500	04.504	7.470	0.704	5 743	<b>a</b> coo	05.005
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	45,799 29,297		7,479 3,211	8,781 5,796	5,742 3,204	2,690 856	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	29,291	14,750	3,211	3,790	3,204	830	37,114
Paints, Oils, Grease	175,055	144,750	12,338	21,460	47,589	3,672	404,864
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	175,050	144,750	12,000	21,100	17,505	2,012	.04,001
Conveyances	735,809	361,874	94,537	160,790	44,836	35,102	1,432,948
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,		,			· ·		1 1
Plate	5,167	6,314	446	769	364	31	13,091
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods		4.5			- 000		
(not Dress)	74,370	123,493	7,543	8,257	5,866	9,937	229,466
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	22,157	19.007	4,996	8,884	2,203	342	57,589
TITTE ON SEC 1 YE TO SE	88,551	95,936	13,244			1.145	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	246,534		183,014			23,006	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	2,10,33.	215,005	105,014	3.,500	50,015	25,000	131,424
Wood Turning and Carving	68,573	45,216	28,239	16,898	14,831	10,758	184.515
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	) '	) ' !		) 1	) )		, ,
etc	23,660	17,224	6,825	5,096	3,063	1,047	56,915
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,				Ì			
Bookbinding, etc	92,345		14,050			17,304	
XIII. Rubber	30,028		6,418			432	
XIV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Products	6,283		1 150			269	7,069
XV. Miscellaneous Products	27,347	32,643	1,158	2,071	693	209	64,181
Total, Classes I. to XV.	1,670,975	1,242,421	383,555	315,864	179,976	106,591	3,899,382
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	55,662	33,720	12,949	9,241	7,660	3,799	123,031
Grand Total	1,726,637	1,276,141	396,504	325,105	187,636	110,390	4,022,413

(ii) Total, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. The following table shows the value of output in each State during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT. (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Таз.	Aust.
1938–39	218,420	152,967	63,321	35,005	19,549	11,158	500,420
	1,139,326	860,147	295,405	234,813	119,310	71,003	2,720,004
	1,299,801	985,505	332,361	265,311	134,587	77,911	3,095,476
	1,446,669	1,100,656	356,017	293,061	149,585	88,601	3,434,589
	1,594,787	1,201,392	371,644	316,962	175,146	103,779	3,763,710
	1,726,637	1,276,141	396,504	325,105	187,636	110,390	4,022,413

6. Value of Production.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1956-57. The value of production for any industry was defined at the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925 as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production."

In accordance with this definition, it was agreed that a deduction consisting of the costs of raw material, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants, water, tools replaced, repairs to plant and depreciation should be made from the "value of output". All these deductions with the exception of depreciation are included in the items "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" as defined above. On account of the difficulty experienced in securing accurate figures for depreciation, it was agreed that no deduction should be made on this account. The value of production as given in the following tables is obtained therefore, by deducting only "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" from the "value of output".

It must not be inferred that, when wages and salaries are deducted from the value of production, the whole of the "surplus" is available for interest and profit, as many miscellaneous expenses such as taxation, insurance, advertising and other sundry charges also have to be taken into account.

The value of factory production, therefore, approximates "net value added" in the manufacturing process. It amounted in 1956-57 to £1,622 million to which Class IV., Industrial Metals, etc., with £641 million made the greatest contribution. The total value of production in 1956-57 showed an increase of £121 million (8.16 per cent.) over the figure for 1955-56 and £1,419 million over the value of production recorded in 1938-39.

The following table shows the value of production in 1956-57 in each State for the various classes of industry.

## FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1956-57. ('000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	15,329	11,104	3,155	3,937	2,793	1,177	37,495
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	16,844	7,735	1,955	3,309			32,266
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	1 20,011			-,00			
Paints, Oils, Grease	62,742	47,729	4,225	7,967	12,736	1,487	136,886
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,		400.044	40.055			4 - 400	C10 031
Conveyances	312,599	180,261	43,877	65,631	23,275	15,188	640,831
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	3,182	3,022	334	502	282	24	7,346
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	3,102	3,022	334	302	202	24	7,540
(not Dress)	30,007	50,267	2,483	3,246	1,362	4,104	91,469
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		-	,	_		,	-
ing or Footwear)	6,592	5,968		1,611		96	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	43,257	47,355	6,855	4,365			105,518
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	74,167	65,234	42,480	15,100	10,536	6,913	214,430
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	20 407	20.054	12.401	6 274	7 200	4 025	79,629
Wood Turning and Carving XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	28,487	20,054	12,491	6,374	7,398	4,825	19,029
etc.	10,770	8,139	3,084	2,389	1,371	577	26,330
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	10,770	0,135	3,004	2,307	1,5,1	, ,,,	20,550
Bookbinding, etc.	45,687	36,293	7,520	6,000	4,010	9,200	108,710
XIII. Rubber	10,864	12,597			425	227	28,530
XIV. Musical Instruments	3,216	333	41	34	33		3,657
XV. Miscellaneous Products	14,236	15,322	662			187	31,884
Total, Classes I. to XV.	677,979	511,413	133,414	123,211	70,253	45,234	1,561,504
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	28,820	16,618	4,986	3,555	3,189	3,448	60,616
Grand Total	706,799	528,031	138,400	126,766	73,442	48,682	1,622,520

(ii) Total and Averages, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. The value of production and the amount per person employed and per head of population are shown in the following table. For Australia as a whole, the value of production per head of population increased from £29.34 in 1938-39 to £170.12 in 1956-57. For value per person employed, the increase was not quite so pronounced (from £360 per head in 1938-39 to £1,525 in 1956-57).

#### FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		_	V	ALUE. (£'(	000.)			<del></del>
1938–39 1952–53 1953–54 1954–55 1955–56		90,266 457,742 520,043 583,127 642,136 706,799	65,996 358,032 408,314 452,223 491,948 528,031	19,302 98,209 110,255 120,061 128,080 138,400	13,678 89,189 100,221 111,028 120,936 126,766	8,776 49,192 55,147 60,956 69,733 73,442	5,399 30,498 33,065 38,114 45,931 48,682	203,417 1,082,862 1,227,045 1,365,509 1,498,764 1,622,120
			PER PER	SON EMPLO	OYED. (£.)	)		
1938–39 1952–53 1953–54 1954–55 1955–56	::	395 1,204 1,292 1,389 1,487 1,620	327 1,152 1,233 1,305 1,385 1,487	357 1,055 1,124 1,197 1,250 1,343	315 1,108 1,172 1,240 1,306 1,378	378 1,089 1,162 1,236 1,392 1,507	391 1,298 1,345 1,497 1,697 1,759	360 1,160 1,240 1,324 1,415 1,525
		I	PER HEAD	of Popul	ATION. (	ε.)		
1938–39 1952–53 1953–54 1954–55 1955–56 1956–57	::	33.00 133.84 152.70 168.56 182.75 196.99	35.25 151.55 168.53 181.75 191.80 200.00	19.14 78.64 84.78 90.59 94.69 100.26	22.98 119.00 127.50 137.50 144.93 147.17	18.80 80.28 87.44 93.93 104.23 107.29	22.72 98.72 106.85 121.78 143.90 149.27	29.34 123.79 137.86 150.22 161.10 170.12

7. Value of Output and Cost of Production.—As the total value of the output for Australia for 1956-57 was recorded as £4,022,413,000, there remained, after payment of £2,247,183,000 for the value of the materials used, £891,090,000 for salaries and wages and £153,110,000 for power, fuel and light, a balance of £731,030,000 to provide for all other costs and overhead expenses such as rent, interest, insurance, pay-roll tax, income tax, depreciation, etc., as well as drawings by working proprietors and profit. The following table gives corresponding particulars for each State for the year 1956-57:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT AND COST OF PRODUCTION, 1956-57.

State.	Materials Used. (a)	Power, Fuel and Light.	Salaries and Wages.	Balance. (Output less Materials, Fuel and Wages.)(c)	Total Value of Output.							
Value and Cost, etc. (£'000.)												
New South Wales		948,393	71,445	378,332	328,469	1,726,637						
Victoria		707,729	40,381	296,608	231,423	1,276,141						
Oueensland		244,974	13,130	77,780	60,620	396,504						
South Australia		184,209	14,130	77,818	48,948	325,105						
Western Australia		104,969	9,225	36,916	36,526	187,636						
Tasmania		56,909	4,799	23,636	25,046	110,390						
Australia		2,247,183	153,110	891,090	731,030	4,022,413						

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the value of containers, packing, etc., also the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant.
(b) Includes lubricants and water.
(c) See paragraph preceding this table.

#### § 9. Value of Land, Buildings, Plant and Machinery.

1. General.—The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with manufacturing industries during the year 1956-57:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1956-57. (£'000.)

Value of—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Land and buildings	303,981	252,024	58,654	55,343	35,520	56,473	761,995
Plant and machinery	363,310	290,785	89,904	71,847	63,272	44,836	923,954
Total	667,291	542,809	148,558	127,190	98,792	101,309	1,685,949

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and plant.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates of the capital value of premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

2. Value of Land and Buildings.—(i) Total for Australia. The following table shows, for Australia as a whole, the approximate value of land and buildings occupied in connexion with manufacturing industries for 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1956-57.

FACTORIES:	VALUE	OF	LAND	AND	BUILDINGS(a),	AUSTRALIA.				
(£'000.)										

<del></del>						
Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
L Treatment of Non-metalliferous		_				
Mine and Ouarry Products	2,779	7,431	190,8	9,103	11,228	12,686
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	2,953	7,723	8,535	9,849	11,301	14,498
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	1		,			1
Paints, Oils, Grease	7,377	30,996	36,931	44,658	61,863	67,719
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	'		· ·	1	· ·	•
Conveyances	34,841	137,724	159,325	184,934	218,667	252,837
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	633	2,311	2,523	2,888	3,233	3,525
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not						
Dress)	6,000	22,482	25,443	29,651	31,931	37,010
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing						
or Footwear)	2,096	5,734	6,072	6,452	6,288	7,074
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	10,624	26,359	28,584	31,163	33,920	37,203
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	33,273	78,278	86,625	94,070	108,335	118,413
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	4 40=	16361	10.007		02.44	25 247
Wood Turning and Carving	4,107	16,361	18,297	21,225	23,141	25,347
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	2,533	7,256	8,069	8,981	9,915	11,223
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-		27.204	20.444	24.150	40.256	44,912
binding, etc	10,639	27,284	30,444	34,156	40,256	9,563
VIV Mariant Tours	1,676	5,530 398	6,668 468	7,430 528	8,581	987
VV Minestle D. d. de	105				621	11,491
Av. Miscellaneous Products	1,433	6,705	7,570	8,299	9,946	11,491
Total, Classes I. to XV	121,069	382,572	433,645	493,387	579,226	654,488
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	9,851	31,874	49,786	62,609	76,356	107,507
Grand Total	130,920	414,446	483,431	555,996	655,582	761,995

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), 1956-57. (£'000.)

		(2 000.)					
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	4,749	3,937	844	1.028	1,457	671	12,686
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.			743	1,028	1,274	243	14,498
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives.	7,794	3,401	/43	1,043	1,2/4	243	14,430
notes Otto Committee	32,930	24,964	1,394	2,740	4,652	1,039	67,719
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	32,930	24,904	1,394	2,740	4,032	1,039	07,717
C	109,591	85,848	15,295	23,092	10,714	8,297	252,837
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	109,391	65,646	13,293	23,072	10,714	0,277	232,037
Plate	1,246	1,704	122	258	172	23	3,525
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1,240	1,704	122	250	1 .,5	20	0,520
(not Dress)	12,098	20,803	733	1,649	670	1,057	37,010
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	12,050	20,003	"	1,0.	0.0	1,007	2.,
ing or Footwear)	2,832	2,859	354	631	287	111	7,074
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	15.386	15,329	2,474	1,943	1,559	512	37,203
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	37,885	39,343	20,055	9,270	7,339	4,521	118,413
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	1 27,005	35,510	20,000	, ,	,,,,,,,	,	,
Wood Turning and Carving	10,173	6,976	2,384	2,656	1,856	1,302	25,347
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	10,275	0,2.0	_,		-,		
etc	4,295	3,709	1,357	850	759	253	11,223
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1 .,	, 2,	-,				
Bookbinding, etc.	19,115	15,578	2.818	2,198	1,392	3,811	44,912
XIII. Rubber	3,691	3,927	1,022	540	262	121	9,563
XIV. Musical Instruments	790	150	9	15	23		987
XV. Miscellaneous Products	5,095	5,372	271	377	290	86	11,491
Total, Classes 1. to XV	267,670	233,900	49,875	48,290	32,706	22,047	654,488
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	36,311	18,124	8,779	7,053	2,814	34,426	107,507
Grand Total	303,981	252,024	58,654	55,343	35,520	56,473	761,995

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

<sup>(</sup>ii) In Classes of Industry in States, 1956-57. The following table gives particulars of the various classes of industry in each State.

(iii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of land and buildings in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

FACTORIES:	VALUE	OF	LAND	AND	BUILDINGS.(a)
		(£'	000.)		

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		57,353	42,026	12,299	8,711	6,814	3,717	130,920
1952-53	• •	176,576	135,324	34,720	31,904	20,960	14,962	414,446
1953-54	• •	196,724	158,389	40,003	36,579	24,739	26,997	483,431
1954-55	• •	221,519	186,324	46,187	42,133	30,230	29,603	555,996
1955-56		260,268	214,921	52,602	48,353	32,859	46,579	655,582
1956–57		303,981	252,024	58,654	55,343	35,520	56,473	761,995

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

Prior to 1929-30, the increase in the value of land and buildings was uninterrupted, rising from £23 million in 1903 to £118 million in 1929-30, an increase of £95 million in 27 years. During the three years ended 1932-33, there was a decline of £12 million to £105.8 million, but since that year the value has risen annually and it stood at £762.0 million in 1956-57.

3. Value of Plant and Machinery.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. The following table shows for Australia the approximate value of plant and machinery used in factories.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956-57.
Class of industry.	1930-39.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1934-33.	1933-36.	1930-37.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous	<del></del>		<del></del>	ļ		[
Mine and Quarry Products	7,028	16,155	17,829	20,625	23,512	27.351
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3,145	8,811	9,741	11.000	12,319	13,138
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	.,		7	,	,	1,
Paints, Oils, Grease	6,754	39,024	53,528	97,508	125,016	127,732
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	-	-		,		
Conveyances	33,038	131,857	148,178	168,651	202,286	251,161
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	197	1,012	1,002	1,094	1,219	1,374
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not						
Dress)	6,658	25,030	27,567	29,658	31,155	32,570
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing	077	2 004	4 004			4 222
or Footwear)	973	3,894	4,034	4,153	4,225	4,332
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,557 32,101	11,181	12,363	13,452	14,340	15,699
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	32,101	77,512	90,624	101,700	115,904	124,406
Wood Turning and Carving.	3,907	17.851	19.002	21.827	23,626	25.045
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	728	2,692	2,870	3,186	3,388	3,632
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	, ,,,	2,072	2,070	3,100	3,500	5,052
binding, etc.	9,188	38,129	41,866	46,129	51,405	53,755
XIII. Rubber	1.368	4.875	5,677	6.843	8.971	8,626
XIV. Musical Instruments	12	305	458	444	509	682
XV. Miscellaneous Products	758	5,075	5,968	6,614	7,459	8,515
Total, Classes I. to XV	108,412	383,403	440,707	532,884	625,334	698,018
****						
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	35,250	110,131	140,008	165,408	178,206	225,936
Grand Total	143,662	493,534	580,715	698,292	803,540	923,954

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

Except for the years 1930-31 to 1933-34, when decreases were recorded, there has been a continuous increase in the value of plant and machinery in factories in Australia. The increase in 1956-57 of £210.4 million over 1955-56 extended over all industrial classes except Class XIII. Rubber. The greatest increase occurred in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances.

(ii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery in each State during the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57. During 1956-57, increases occurred in all States, New South Wales showing the largest increase, £64.4 million.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY.(a)
(£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	Ş. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39	62,693	38,627	18,095	9,750	8,095	6,402	143,662
	207,733	147,365	51,670	40,111	24,035	22,620	493,534
	233,022	181,058	64,160	46,788	28,195	27,492	580,715
	258,596	226,347	76,367	52,145	54,958	29,879	698,292
	298,913	258,295	85,777	63,596	56,534	40,425	803,540
	363,310	290,785	89,904	71,847	63,272	44,836	923,954

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

(iii) Value according to Class of Industry, 1956-57. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery used in factories in each State during 1956-57 according to class of industry.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1956-57. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	12,439	6,174	2,421	3,614	1,980	723	27,351
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	6,849	3,054	970	857	1,206	202	13,138
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	0,042	3,034	7,0	""	1,200	202	15,150
Paints, Oils, Grease	45,785	48,540	1,923	5,808	22,889	2,787	127,732
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,		1	1	'	'	•	
Conveyances	135,898	62,505	10,307	23,363	8,949	10,139	251,161
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,					40		
Plate	547	625	40	105	49	8	1,374
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	10,725	17,948	910	1,091	402	1,494	32,570
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	10,723	17,940	910	1,091	402	1,454	32,370
ing or Footwear)	1,749	1,479	404	474	194	32	4,332
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	5,545	7.234	1,241	898	579	202	15,699
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	34,393	35,587	36,635	8,293	5,905	3,593	124,406
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	'		i i		'	•	· '
Wood Turning and Carving	8,709	5,401	3,754	2,165	2,496	2,520	25,045
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,				405	امددا		2 (22
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1,287	1,129	481	405	255	75	3,632
š. 1	17,398	21,124	2,911	2,741	1,672	7,909	53,755
XIII. Rubber	3,079	4.202	653	441	156	95	8,626
XIV. Musical Instruments	5,075	1114	5	''i	1 2		682
XV. Miscellaneous Products	3,427	4,510	138	332	82	26	8,515
	0,.2.	',			1		, ,,,,,,
				[			i
Total, Classes I. to XV	288,390	219,626	62,793	50,588	46,816	29,805	698,018
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	74,920	71,159	27,111	21,259	16,456	15,031	225,936
!				I			
Grand Total	363,310	290,785	89,904	71,847	63,272	44,836	923,954

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

<sup>4.</sup> Depreciation of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery, 1956-57.—The following table shows the allowance made for the depreciation of land and buildings and plant and machinery used in connexion with the manufacturing industries in each State as recorded by factory proprietors at the annual census of factory production.

# FACTORIES: ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND PLANT AND MACHINERY, 1956-57.

(£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-							
ducts	1,361	540	261	367	170	67	2,766
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	729	350	126	89	123	27	1,444
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease	4,641	4,973	258	691	2,422	404	13,389
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1	1		]	· '		
Conveyances V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	12,167	6,208	949	2,688	610	782	23,404
Plate	38	48	3	8	3		100
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1,091	2,194		69		107	2 (72
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	1,091	2,194	80	69	51	187	3,672
ing or Footwear)	123	105	27	33	20	2	310
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	499 3,172	620 3,507	86 2.995	57 779	47 566	22 351	1,331 11,370
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.	ĺ ,	'	2,773	119	300	331	11,370
Wood Turning and Carving	816	537	349	218	248	285	2,453
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	123	76	49	30	23	6	307
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,		}			{		
Bookbinding, etc	1,546 799	2,332 695	290 131	240 103	178	798	5,384
XIII. Rubber XIV. Musical Instruments	58	10	131	103	19	11	1,758 68
XV. Miscellaneous Products	422	568	13	33	10	3	1,049
Total, Classes I. 10 XV.	27,585	22,763	5,617	5,405	4,490	2,945	68,805
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,326	743	1,468	694	764	298	10,293
Grand Total	33,911	23,506	7,085	6,099	5,254	3,243	79,098

5. Land and Buildings, Plant and Machinery—Values, Additions and Replacements,. Depreciation, 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57.—The following table summarizes the recorded totals for Australia in this section and also includes particulars of additions and replacements.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY,.
AUSTRALIA.

(£'000.)

			lues as at une.(a)		ind Replace- ing year.(a)	Depreciation allowed during year.		
1 ear		Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery	
1938–39		130,920	143,662	5,578	17,781	1,911	8,736	
1952-53		414,446	493,534	48,006	119,790	4,683	33,039	
1953-54		483,431	580,715	55,668	128,453	5,673	41,524	
1954–55		555,996	698,292	58,311	170,762	6,568	49,916	
1955-56		655,582	803,540	82,808	156,535	8,030	59,909	
1956–57		761,995	923,954	87,441	195,670	9,196	69,902	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes estimated value of rented premises, plant and machinery.

#### § 10. Principal Factory Products.

The factory production of certain commodities is shown in the monthly and quarterly publications of this Bureau and in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

The following table shows the total recorded production of some of the principal articles manufactured in Australia during the years ended 30th June, 1955 to 1957. A more complete list, together with values, where available, is published in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

#### QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

	Article.			Unit of Quantity.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Acid— Nitric Sulphuric Aerated and Carb	onated Wate	··		Ton	11,777 835,146 59,648	14,216 896,472 60,891	15,520 878,763 61,242
Asbestos Cement	Building She	ets	• •	'000 sq. yds.	28,077	26,679	25,444
Bacon and Ham Bags, Leather, Fib	ore, etc.—	••	••	'000 1ь.	78,820	75,641	71,156
Handbags— Leather				No.	935,001	848,144	748,571
Plastic Other	••	• •	• • •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	591,485 125,298	800,217	922,068 103,308
School Bags	• • •	::	::	"	104,993	122,228 102,338	92,955
Suitcases(a)	••		••	,,,	1,241,906	1,311,676	1,196,585
Trunks	• •	• •	••	,,	1,348 335,575	1,204 292,042	1,256 339,245
Baking Powder	••	• • •	••	16.	701,395	617,101	650,272
Bath Heaters-	• •	• •					
Electric	••	• •	••	No.	17,886	17,076	14,698
Gas Solid Fuel	••	• • •	::	, ,	27,626 41 191	27,560 40,532	25,243 33,691
Bathing Suits		::		Doz.	222,473	228,089	165,741
Baths, C.I.P.E.			• •	No.	117,414	104,998	88,959
Batteries, Wet Cel Beer (excluding W		• •	• •	'000 "gals.	1,501,788 221,679	1,403,127 227,496	1,433,165 220,728
Biscuits	aste beer)	• • •	• • •	'000 ib.	150,816	158,554	162,536
Blankets				'000	1,532	1,554	1,678
Boots, Shoes and				1000	17.001	10.006	10.020
Boots and Shoes	s	••	••	'000 pairs	17,901 1,980	18,006 1,809	18,930 1,932
Slippers	::		• • •		7,324	7,977	7,684
Bran (Wheaten)	••		••	Ton (2,000 lb.)	272,455	277,638	281,915
Brassieres	••	• •	••	Doz.	404,893	421,142	423,441
Bricks, Clay Brooms	••	• •	::	'000 Gross	838,579 19,715	840,343 19,862	805,069 21,003
Brushes (b)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	::		86,531	87,594	78,753
Butter	••	• •	••	Tön	188,010	205,791	189,841
Candles				Cwt.	10,369	10.011	10,354 1,148,779
Cardigans, Sweate Cement, Portland	rs, etc.	• •	• •	Doz. Ton.	1,029,250 1,919,802	1,051,285 2,034,554	1,148,779
Cheese	•••	••	• • •	1	45,178	38,681	2,172,518 45,171
Cigarettes				'00о іъ.	22,859	27,162	30,513
Cleansing and Sco					116 260	******	70.460
Soap based (Inc	n. Sand Soar	<i>"</i>	• •	Cwt.	115,350 43,823	105,046 72,230	78,168 101,184
Cloth-	••	••	••	, ,	43,023	12,230	101,104
Cotton				'000 sq. yds.	34,424	40,151	46,564
Woolien and W Coke—	orsted (c)	• •	••	**	31,067	30,279	32,782
Metallurgical				Ton	2,046,790	2,058,426	2,234,458
Other			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,,	1,099,859	1,031,135	892,668
Confectionery—				1	55004		•
Chocolate	••	• •	••	*000 1ь.	56,994 81,506	62,405 83,069	68,810 87,395
Coppers—	••	••	••	, ,,	31,300	65,009	01,393
Electric	••		• •	No.	28.381	27,075	21,890
Gas		• •	• •	,,,	27,400 86,487	27,480	24,170
Inserts (all types Cordials and Syru		• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	'000" gals.	4,537	68,827 4,596	50,653 4,623
Corsets and Corse	lets		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Doz.	141,265	156,837	145,414
Cosmetic Creams	and Lotions-	-			·		
Face Creams Hand Creams as	nd Lations	• •	• •	Cwt.	5,110 6,175	4,706 7,141	4,488 8,939
Other Skin Crea	ims and Loti	ons.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	".	8,221	6.066	8,939 6,865
Custard Powder		•••	::	'000 1ь.	5,535	5,942	5,637
Cycles, Assembled				No.	91,125	89,033	74,734

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes kitbags. (c) Includes mixtures.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes tooth and industrial metal and bristle brushes.

# QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

AUSTRALIA COMMINGEN.							
Arti	cle.			Unit of Quantity.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Dynamos— Alternators				No.	264	289	389
Generators	::	::	::	"	8,473	6,394	6,585
Electricity Enamels, Natural and	 Synthetic			Mill. kWh '000 gals.	15,202 3,642	16,675 4,126	18,289 4,255
Engines— Diesel, other than M	arine	••		No.	2,667	2,757	2,642
Petrol— Marine Other (a)	••	••	::	,,	1,380 45,608	1,246 100,585	1,780 180,509
Essences, Flavouring— Domestic	•	••		"Gal.	116,577	118,642	120,714
Industrial	::	::		,,	270,348	319,591	345,999
Face Powder Fans, Electric Fats, Edible—	::	::	::	Cwt. No.	4,336 63,265	2,694 127,659	2,721 139,819
Dripping Other	••		••	Cwt.	367,517 291,989	360,835 369,712	418,634 392,169
Fibrous Plaster Sheets Fish, Tinned (including Floorboards—			••	'000 sq. yds. '000 lb.	17,784 6,646	18,125 6,008	16,257 8,268
Australian Timber Imported Timber	••	••	••	'000 super. ft.	115,640 4,474	118,502 2,973	124,056 2,656
Flour, Self-raising Flour, Wheaten (b)	::	::		Cwt. Ton (2,000 lb.)	1,102,480 1,553,019	2,973 1,090,005 1,571,305	1,109,307 1,631,827
Fruit Juices—Natural	••	••	••	'000 gals.	2,874	3,016	3,298
Gas Gloves—	••	••	••	Mill. cubic ft.	43,465	44,578	46,653
Dress— Leather Other	••			Doz. pairs	6,454 58,749	4,115 52,035	4,111
Work, all types	::	::	::	Doz.	269,408 14,861	293,874 12,781	70,654 276,707 12,443
Handkerchiefs—	••	••	••	102.	14,001	12,701	12,443
Men's Women's	• •	••	• •		1,313,327 1,375,669	1,181,261 1,264,711	1,118,023 1,489,780
Hats and Caps Hose, Rubber—Garde				'000 lin. ft.	510,382	483,817 3,131	503,240 3,755
Other Plastic-Garden			• •	,,	5,071 9,716 24,893	9,449 25,475	9,654 27,585
Ice				Ton	766,557	601,027	485,511
Ice Cream Iron and Steel—	••	••	••	'000 gals.	14,796	16,018	15,647
Pig Iron Steel Ingots	::		::	'000 tons	1,869 2,209 1,953	1,911 2,320 2,111	2,098 2,774
Blooms and Billets Irons, Electric (Hand,	Domestic	)	::	No.	278,777	327,536	2,288 354,099
Jams Jelly Crystals				'000 1ь.	81,699 11,799	84,096 12,793	92,208 12,332
Kalsomine	••			,,	3,089	1,918	1,496
Lacquer, Clear and Co	lours			Gal.	1,476,489	1,498,695	1,451,292 42,762
Lard Lawn Mowers—	••	••	• •	Cwt.	40,472	42,446	ŀ
Electric Petrol	:	::	::	No.	25,418 29,423	18,861 77,929	4,496 158,254 48,713
Hand Leather—	C-141	Manager	.,	,,000 as &	106,005	106,712	
Dressed from Skins	Sold by	Measure Weight		'000 sq. ft. '000 lb. '000 sq. ft.	54,069 208 25,641	55.126 132 23,883	56,611 162 21,978
Dressed from Skins Harness, Skirt, etc.	••		::	'000 lb.	1,433	1,213	2,553 2,553 30,583
Sole and Belting Upholstery	::	::		'000 sq. ft.	35,001 7,103	33,701 3,389	1,434
Lime—Agricultural Hydrated	::	::	••	Ton ,,	111,170 48,644	123,338 54,172	120,298 52,843
Quick Linseed Oil—extracted	from Lo	cal Crus	hing	'000 gals.	128,639 438 3 530	117,578	109,667 1,645 2,326
Lubricating Oil		of Unre	ined	tons	3,539 64,465	2,631 67,531	75,339

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes motor car, motor cycle, tractor and aero engines. (b) Includes wheatmeal for baking and sharps.

## QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

AUSTRALIA—continued.								
Article.	Unit of Quantity.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.				
Malt, Barley Margarine—	'000 bus.	7,517	7,782	7,895				
Table	'000 lb.	21,972	26,552	38,632				
Other	,	1 49 171	43,443	44,576				
Mattresses—Wire	No.	315,741	296,494	286,191				
Inner Spring Soft Filled, etc	,,	476,395 380,465	501,106	507,844 337,017				
Meat, Tinned Milk—	'000 1Ь.	165,394	362,937 157,969	154,731				
Concentrated (Whole)	,,	22,560 86,225	31,038	33,924				
Condensed	**	86,225 59,269	99,368 67,361	110,995 70,404				
Mops, Floor	Gross	13,914	13,768	11,929				
Motor Bodies made	No.	127,709	132.085	123,493				
	'000' gals.	62,408 412,955	94,676 617,356	77,548 833,927				
	No.	1,183,066	1,116,840	954,318				
Nails	Ton	24,214	25,058	26,340				
Motors, Electric	Doz.	491,455	516,835	532,868				
Newsprint	Ton	73,608	79,015	79,600				
Oatmeal (including Rolled Oats)	Cwt. '000 gals.	322,985 6,098	365,980 6,553	402,782 6,618				
Water	'000 lb.	28,955	24,388	24,423				
Peanut Butter and Paste Perambulators Pickles	٠.,	4,627	4,736	4.346				
Perambulators	No.	155.433	160,374	149,596				
Pickles	'000 pints	6,765	7,721	8,119				
Pigments—Colours ground in oil	Cwt.	17,592 184,853	20,025 165,300	13,940 162,953				
White Lead	"							
Other, including Dry Colours	١	389,185	369,613	393,315				
Plywood, & inch basis	_'000 sq. ft.	186,604	200,699	193,838				
Pollard	Ton (2,000 lb.)	315,028	332,564	351,549				
Preserves— Fruit Preserved (b)	'000 чь.	319,235	304.299	289,510				
Vegetables Preserved	,,	51,116	77,822	98,418				
Pyjamas—				20,110				
Men's and Boys' (Suits only)	Doz.	339,556	279,734	283,055				
Women's and Girls' (inc. Nightdresses)	**	343,464	359,780	399,995				
Racquet Frames (all types) Refrigerators—Commercial	No.	18,361 1,656	16,651 1,756	16,147 1,025				
Refrigerators—Commercial Domestic	110.	280,577	247,360	195,517				
Rice (Cleaned)	Cwt.	916,702	1,166,027	897,030				
Ropes and Cables (excluding Wire)		125,727	128,873	131,746				
Rugs	'000	141	142	163				
Sauce	'000 pints	28 482	28 668	33,494				
Sausage Casings	Cwt.	28,482 72,377	28,668 79,769	95,218				
Semolina	l	103,553	129,536	140,536				
Sauce Sausage Casings Semolina Shirts (Men's and Boys') Sink Heaters Soap and Detergents—	Doz.	1,410,573	1,309,501	1,425,312				
Sink Heaters	No.	23,799	24,842	23,635				
Soap—Personal Toilet	Cwt.	342,741	327,949	320,846				
Household	,,	747,487	744,109	716,565				
Industrial (Incl. Wool Scouring) (c)	",	172,998	197,590	194,476				
Extracts and Powders—Household	,,	926,156	822,988	791,267				
Industrial	,,	81,338	87,455	75,694				
Detergents—Personal Toilet Household	,,	7,932 99,225	6,000 91,901	8,763 114,510				
Household Industrial	} "	19,777	22,499	34,460				
Extracts and Powders—	"		·	27,700				
Household	,,	} 44,369 {	34,698	78,089				
Industrial	,,	ול היייה לו	39,131	45,558				
Socks and Stockings— Men's and Youths'	'000 Doz. pairs	1,497	1,396	1 454				
Women's and Maids'	-	2,422	2,304	1,454 2,570				
Infants' and Babywear (including Anklets)	•,	1,294	1,227	1,191				
Soup—Tinned	'000 pints	27,616	35.316	44,538				
Dry-Mix	'000 1ь.	2,893	3,771	4,525				
Spades and Shovels	Doz.	32,058 357,557	33,873	33,255				
Starch—Edible	Cwt.	357,557 92,004	391,766 96,929	468,308 124,895				
Steel, Structural, Fabricated	Ton	162,793	218,124	245,101				
Stoves, Ovens and Ranges—	[	- 52,175		_10,101				
Domestic Cooking—	] .,	60-						
Electric (d)	No.	85,589	92,258	99,086				
Gas Solid Fuel	,,	58,758 49,758	57,097 47,300	54,966 46,005				
Sugar—Raw (94 net titre)	Ton	1,327,546	47,300 1,171,713	1,207,797				
Refined	,,,	481,639	482,660	480,393				
Sulphate of Ammonia	,,	78,434	75,321	110,898				
Superphosphate	••	1,960,605	2,125,803	1,975,015				
	j l	,		1				

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes malted milk and infants' and invalids' foods. (b) Includes canned apple, all types. (c) Includes industrial flakes and chips. (d) Includes stovettes, cookers, etc.

# QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

Article	·.		Unit of Quantity.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Talcum Powder			Cwt.	30,454	35,824	35,084
Tallow-	• ••	••		30,73	00,027	35,007
Edible			,,	507,477	681,057	612,722
Inedible		••	l "	1,126,770	1,346,145	1,630,892
Television Sets			No.	·	(a) 2,636	121,232
Tiles, Roofing—				l		
Cement			'000	53,720	53,782	44,595
Terracotta		• •	,,	63,934	64,746	57,673
Timber— From Native Logs—			<b>\</b>	}		<b>\</b>
Hardwood			'000 cupar 6	1 194 002	1,180,936	1 151 420
Softwood	• ••	• •	'000 super. ft.	1,184,992 264,296	268,785	1,151,429 267,431
From Imported Logs—	• ••	••	"	204,250	200,703	207,431
Hardwood			<b>\</b>	28 748		
Softwood		::	,,	28,748	27,894	26,853
Toasters, Electric (Domes			No.	156.037	173,549	174,531
Tobacco			'000 1Ь.	21,466	18,836	18,917
Tomato Juice		• • •	Gal.	1,237,714	1,208,758	1,508,439
Towels			Doz.	666,403	767,751	740,344
Transformers and Conver	ters—				· ·	
Above 20 k.v a			No.	3,099	3,462	4,048
Below 20 k.v.a.		• •	,,	375,717	628,147	821,581
Twine (all types)		• •	Cwt.	116,059	133,694	131,424
Tyres, Pneumatic-	<b>~</b> .		i			
Motor Car and Motor	Cycle	• •	No.	2,737,172	2,907,492	2,711,087
Truck and Omnibus		• •	,,	587,739	544,807	536,384
All Other (excl. Bicycle	)	• •	j ,,	190,365	184,273	190,577
Umbrellas				478,144	570,156	622,554
Underwear		••	'000'doz.	4,328	4,460	4,687
Onderwear	• ••	• •	000 002.	4,320	7,700	4,007
Vacuum Cleaners (Domes	stic)		No.	59,968	55,674	83,910
Varnishes		• • •	'000 gals.	3,188	4,167	3,533
				,,,,,,	.,	-,
Washing Machines, Hous	ehold, Elect	гіс	No.	166,312	165,558	144,422
Weatherboards-			ſ	, '		1
Australian Timber		• •	'000 super. ft.	23,529	23,910	22,937
Imported Timber				3,264	2,150	1,759
Wheatmeal(b)		• •	Ton (2,000 lb.)	128,863	110,635	123,854
Wheelbarrows (Metal)	• ••	• •	No.	84,631	73,031	66,999
Wireless—			i			
Cabinets— Wood				06.210	(3) 101 484	5
0.1	• ••	• •	,,		(c) 101,454	(c)429,647
Receiving Sets (including	Dadioara		,,	310,684 456,034	281,685 458,012	366,282
Wool Scoured—	ig Kaulogia	1113)	**	430,034	430,012	300,202
For Sale			'000 1ь.	40,994	38,808	43,632
For use in own works	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		37,610	40,875	47,625
On Commission		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,,	57,643	65,025	74,506
Wool Tops			"	30,886	35,640	42,661
	•	• • •	"	20,000	,,,,,,	,
Yarn(d)						
Cotton		• •	,,	41,493	40,543	41,981
Woollen		• •	,,	19,790	20,033	22,884
Worsted		••	,,	22,897	23,180	24,818
Zinc Oxide (See Pigments	)					

(a) Production commenced late in 1955-56. Number produced in 1957-58 was 285,315. (b) Excludes wheatmeal for baking included with flour. (c) Includes television cabinets. (d) Including mixtures predominantly of the fibre mentioned.

#### § 11. Individual Industries.

1. General.—Particulars on pages 154-181, §§ 2-9 afford a general view of the magnitude of industries in the sixteen groups adopted by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. While it is not possible, within the limits of this work, to give a detailed account of each industry, particular industries dealt with hereunder are of special importance because of the employment which they provide for labour and capital or for other features of special interest. Where there are only one or two establishments in a particular industry in the State or the Commonwealth, details of activities are not published, but are combined with some other factory group so that operations of individual concerns will not be disclosed.

The statistics in the following tables should be read in the light of the following definitions.

Factory. A factory is taken to be a manufacturing establishment in which four or more persons are employed or in which power, other than manual, is used.

Average Number of Persons Employed. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory are counted as factory employees, including working proprietors and "out-workers". The average number of persons employed means, in general, the average number over the whole year and not the average over the period worked.

Value of Materials Used. This item includes the value, in the usual sense, of the materials used, stores used, containers, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant.

Value of Fuel, etc., Used. This item includes also the cost of power and light used, of lubricants and of water.

Value of Output. The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value, at the factory, of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products, also the value of other work done.

Value of Production. The value of production is obtained by deducting "Value of materials used" and "Value of fuel used", as defined above, from the "Value of output".

Rated Horse-power of Engines Used. Statistics of power used in factories other than Central Electric Stations relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use.

For more detailed definitions see § 1, par. 6 of this chapter, page 151.

Details of some of the principal articles produced in factories in Australia during the years 1954-55 to 1956-57 are shown in the table on the preceding pages (§ 10).

2. Portland Cement and Cement Goods.—The manufacture of portland cement and cement goods is an important industry included in Class I. Particulars for the three industries under this general heading are shown for 1956-57 and for a series of years in the following table.

#### PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS, ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS.

Austr	ALIA, 1956—	57.		
	Portland Cement.	Asbestos Cement Sheets and	Other Cement Goods.	

Items.		ļ	Portland Cement.	Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.	Other Cement Goods.	Total.
Number of factories			15	14	450	479
Number of persons employed			3,043	2,448	5,197	10,688
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	3,047	2,542	4,723	10,312
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	4,634	271	214	5,119
Value of materials used		£'000	6,503	5,003	11,720	23,226
Value of production		£'000	7,942	4,266	9,020	21,228
Total value of output		£'000	19,079	9,540	20,954	49,573
Value of land and buildings		£,000	3,369	1,090	2,535	6,994
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	13,552	1,713	3,189	18,454
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	n use	h.p.	79,178	10,579	16,048	105,805

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.
Number of factories	132	504	479	480	489	479
Number of persons employed	3,932	9,352	9,304	10,444	11,167	10,688
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	897	6.942	7.435	8.704	10.044	10.312
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	562	3.436	3,950	4,445	4,792	5,119
Value of materials used £'000	1.542	14,303	16.013	19,418	21,999	23,226
Value of production £'000	2,385	12,197	14,198	17,009	19,460	21,228
Total value of output £'000		29,936	34,161	40.872	46,251	49,573
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,350	3,890	4,206	4.726	6.128	6.994
Value of plant and machinery £'000		10,018	10,796	13,208	15,542	18,454
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in			,	,	,,,,,,,	12,12
use h.p		91,880	89,260	95,870	108,715	105,805

3. Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines.—In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the separate tabulation of factories engaged in the production of Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids and those engaged in producing Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations, which previously had been combined. Details for each of these industries are given in the next two tables for 1956-57 with comparable figures for previous years. However, it should be noted that, in order to avoid the publication of confidential information, particulars relating to Industrial and Heavy Chemicals include details for the Explosives industry.

# INDUSTRIAL AND HEAVY CHEMICALS AND ACIDS (INCLUDING EXPLOSIVES). 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	144	80	19	15	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	270
Number of persons employed	6,372	6,603	319	891	(a)	(a)	14,509
Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,859	6,392	282	881	(a)	(a)	14,684
Value of power, fuel, etc.,			l '-		`	<b>(</b> )	.,,
used £'000	2,131	980	71	558	(a)	(a)	3,845
Value of materials used £'000	21,649	14,410	532	1,206	(a)	(a)	38,335
Value of production £'000	18,296	12,552	612	2,543	(a)	(a)	34,513
Total value of output £'000	42,076	27.942	1,215	4,307	(a)	(a)	76,693
Value of land and buildings £'000	9,235	7,240	224	788	(a)	(a)	17,831
Value of plant and machi-	'					(4)	17,031
nery £'000	16,025	10,836	210	1.579	(a)	(a)	29,190
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	,	,		-,0,,	(3)	(-)	,
in use h.p.	49,966	47,573	1,828	5,242	(a)	(a)	107,787

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945-46.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	. £'000 . £'000 . £'000 . £'000 . £'000	165 10,228 3,450 618 6,007 6,627 13,252 11,697 10,964	229 11,253 8,928 2,210 19,538 16,879 38,627 11,923 19,612	234 11,765 9,907 2,757 25,158 20,643 48,558 13,389 23,573	248 13,032 11,833 3,043 29,004 25,095 57,142 14,190 25,607	258 14,107 13,574 3,462 33,506 29,895 66,863 15,987 27,125	270 14,509 14,684 3,845 38,335 34,513 76,693 17,831 29,190
Horse-power of engines ordinaril in use	. h	69,399	85,254	90,807	95,188	,	107,787

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; included in the total for Australia.

# PHARMACEUTICAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	125			13	3	<u>-</u>	206
Number of persons employed	3,237	2,537	118	473	(a)	(a)	6,446
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,388	2,202	70	309	(a)	(a)	5,020
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	1				`		•
used £'000	86	192	1	31	(a)	(a)	312
Value of materials used £'000	7,726	6,006	297	1,163	(a)	(a)	15,292
Value of production £'000	10,835	5,468	175	696	(a)	(a)	17,312
Total value of output . £'000	18,647	11,666	473	1,890	(a)	(a)	32,916
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,425	3,880	61	310	(a)	(a)	7,828
Value of plant and machi-	'	,			`	.,	. ,
nery £'000	1.123	1,432	17	142	(a)	(a)	2,746
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					`′		,
in use h.p.	4,018	10,965	74	1,469	(a)	(a)	16,666

### Australia.

Items.		1945–46.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output	£,000 £,000 £,000 £,000	215 5,514 1,699 57 5,402 4,790 10,249	206 5,363 3,468 197 9,784 10,188 20,169 3,931	208 6.012 3,898 238 12,017 12,969 25,224 4,755	210 6,233 4,255 223 12,729 14,380 27,332 6,022	206 6,400 4,635 259 13,565 15,279 29,103 6,830	206 6,446 5,020 312 15,292 17,312 32,916 7,828
	£,000 £,000	1,534 598	1,569	1,793	2,129	2,686	2.746
in use	h.p.	6,324	12,238	12,777	13,592	14,301	16,666

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; included in the total for Australia.

4. White Lead, Paints and Varnish.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years.

# WHITE LEAD, PAINTS AND VARNISH.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	85	57	17	14	10	3	186
Number of persons employed	3,101	1,724	334	530	(a)	(a)	5,815
Salaries and wages paid £'000	3,011	1,657	264	473	(a)	(a)	5,508
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	269	80	20	25	(a)	(a)	400
Value of materials used £'000	12,370	6,708	1,671	2,535	(a)	(a)	23,916
Value of production £'000	6,580	3,814	1,086	1.668	(a)	(a)	13,567
Total value of output £'000	19,219	10,602	2,777	4,228	(a)	(a)	37,883
Value of land and buildings £'000	2.640	2,808	298	662	(a)	(a)	6,680
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,311	1,527	166	339	(a)	(a)	3,408
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1				l 1		i
in use h.p.	13,947	8,735	1,452	1 2,080	(a)	(a)	26,969

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories	. 102	175	174	175	178	186
Number of persons employed .	. 2,271	4,622	4,934	5,322	5,804	5,815
Salaries and wages paid £'00	0 535	3,346	3,757	4,636	5,300	5,508
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'00	0 45	258	337	376	384	400
Value of materials used £'00	0 2,275	14,657	18,603	21,553	23,504	23.916
Value of production £'00	0 1,585	8,583	9,891	11,980	12.874	13,567
Total value of output £'00		23,498	28,831	33,909	36,762	37.883
Value of land and buildings £'00	0 761	3,669	4,066	5.089	5,563	6,680
Value of plant and machinery £'00	0 324	2.113	2,230	2.892	3,261	3,408
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	n	1	'	'	,	
use h.		22,769	22,719	24,178	25,050	26,969

- (a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.
- 5. Soap and Candle Factories.—The following table shows particulars of factories in the Soap and Candle industry in each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years :-

#### SOAP AND CANDLES.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	44	25	9	5	3	1	87
Number of persons employed	1,790	671	264	124	(a)	(a)	2,932
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,554	785	200	105	(a)	(a)	2,704
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	170	181	22	14	(a)	(a)	393
Value of materials used £'000	6,738	4,398	723	289	(a)	(a)	12,437
Value of production £'000	5,880	2,516	498	160	(a)	(a)	9,150
Total value of output £'000	12,788	7.095	1,243	463	(a)	(a)	21,980
Value of land and buildings £'000	688	812	150	76	(a)	(a)	1,784
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,182	1.658	182	58	(a)	(a)	3,150
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	'	•	l		'	` ′	,
in use h.p.	5,743	3,450	853	575	(a)	(a)	10,922

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

# Australia.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories	65	89	89	91	92	87
Number of persons employed	2,620	3,028	3,058	2,962	3,167	2,932
Salaries and wages paid £'000	501	2,460	2,544	2,589	2,858	2,704
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000		475	427	420	406	393
Value of materials used £'000		8,846	10,214	11,941	12,057	12,437
Value of production £'000		6,324	6,732	7,425	8,147	9,150
Total value of output £'000		15,645	17,373	19,786	20,610	21,980
Value of land and buildings £'000	666	1,487	1,565	1,619	1,743	1,784
Value of plant and machinery £'000		1,985	2,244	2,653	3,001	3.150
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in				1		
use h.p	5,267	8,606	8,795	8,676	10,711	10,922
Materials used-	1		1	1	,	
Tallow cwt		1,024,772		1,151,146		1,152,865
Alkali for Soap $(a)$ ,,	194,869	386,176	377,451	421,401	390,757	366,796
Coconut oil—refined and unrefined			1	ľ		1
cwt	138,954	95,825	86,576	93,498	83,346	80,262
Articles produced—				i	1	
Soap (excl. Sand Soap) "	908,797	1,179,871	1,225,183	1,263,226	1,260,648	1,231,890
Cleansers and Scourers (incl. Sand		1		-		1 .
Soap) cwt	123,702	123,429	121,232		105,046	78,168
Soap Extracts and Powders "	191,232	885,158	890,241	1,007,494	910,443	866,958
Candles made "	28,649	14,256	8,611	10,369	10,011	10,354

(a) Includes Soda Ash.

Note.—Preliminary figures of production in 1957-58 were Soap, 1,304,000 cwt.; Cleansers and Scourers, 72,000 cwt.; and Soap Extracts and Powders, 876,000 cwt.

6. Chemical Fertilizers.—The following table shows particulars of the factories engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in each State during 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years. Details of the consumption, imports and exports of fertilizers will be found in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

# CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	15	8	8	8	61	7	52
Number of persons employed	932	1,563	(a)	952	942	(a)	5.074
Salaries and wages paid £'000	.996	1,597	(a)	933	839	(a)	5,069
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	475	243	(a)	l 100	149	(a)	1,160
Value of materials used . £'000	3,868	6,966	(a)	5.724	5,428	(a)	25,479
Value of production £'000	1,940	3,235	(a)	1.815	2.024	(a)	10,158
Total value of output £'000	6,283	10,444	(a)	7,639	7,601	(a)	36,797
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,932	871	(a)	654	1,885	(a)	7,341
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,753	1,300	(a)	3,346	1,977	(a)	11,404
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	•		1		(	` '	,
in use ,. h.p.	17,163	14,649	(a)	9,154	8.180	(a)	59,457

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956-57.
Number of factories	. 36	51	51	53	54	52
Number of persons employed	2,540	4,483	4,531	4,735	4,911	5,074
Salaries and wages paid £'000		3,759	3,988	4,372	4,809	5,069
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000		786	842	852	939	1,160
Value of materials used £'000		21,100	20,521	21,519	24,098	25,479
Value of production £'000	1,600	7,255	8,109	8,794	10,267	10,158
Total value of output £'000	4.945	29,141	29,472	31,165	35,304	36,797
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,449	4.794	6.067	6,512	7,033	7,341
Value of plant and machinery £'000		6,218	8,067	9,270	11,645	11,404
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1		,	. ,	,	,
use h.p		39,850	41,644	47,595	58,044	59,457

- (a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.
- 7. Iron and Steel Works and Engineering.—(i) General. In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the tabulation in four separate groups of those industries previously included under Iron and Steel, and Engineering. The first group (Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel) covers blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills. The second group, Foundries (Ferrous), covers those engaged in the founding of iron and steel. The third group (Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools) covers those industries engaged in the production of boilers, engines, machines and machinery, machine tools, structural steel fabrications, steel furniture, etc. The fourth group (Other Engineering) includes jobbing and general engineers, not elsewhere included. Detailed statistics for the four groups mentioned are shown in the following tables.
- (ii) Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel. In the following table, particulars are shown for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia in selected years for the group Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel.

SMELTING, CONVERTING, REFINING AND ROLLING OF IRON AND STEEL.
1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	17	11		4	2	<del></del>	34
Number of persons employed	24,168	1.396		(a)	(a)		26,078
Salaries and wages paid £'000	26,779	1.396		(a)	(a)		28,636
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	17,890	347	1	(a)	(a)		20,538
Value of materials used . £'000	134.029	1.342	]	(a)	(a)		136,483
Value of production £'000	62.657	1,869		(a)	(a)		66,385
Total value of output £'000	214,576	3,558		(a)	(a)		223,406
Value of land and buildings £'000	8,449	285	1	(a)	(a)		9,054
Value of plant and machinery £'000	58,177	368		(a)	(a)		61,608
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1 1		' '' (		` ` [		1
in use h.p.	424,669	7,866	1	(a)	(a)		448,541

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945-46.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1945-46. 27 10,413 4,164 2,777 19,134 7,393 29,304 2,197	1952-53. 32 16,188 14,455 14,085 76,983 27,336 118,404 5,278	1953-54. 33 16,688 15,609 15,430 88,802 27,995 132,227 6,508	1954–55. 33 17,842 18,238 15,670 94,928 34,381 144,979 6,615	(b) 28 20,805 22,037 17,864 101,416 44,269 163,549 6,457	34 26,978 28,636 20,538 136,483 66,385 223,406 9,054
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	 £'000	5,669 198,317	20,753 248,440	24,279 287,618	26,394 339,135	29,154 363,751	61,608 448,541

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) The reduction in the number of establishments is due to combined returns being furnished where formerly separate returns were submitted for Blast Furnaces, Steel Furnaces and Rolling Mills operated by the one establishment.

Particulars of the production of pig-iron and steel will be found on page 183 and in Chapter XXVII.—Mineral Industry.

(iii) Foundries (Ferrous). Particulars covering those industries classified as founding of iron and steel are shown for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia in selected years in the following table:—

FOUNDRIES—FERROUS. 1956–57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	85	217	23	24	19		368
Number of persons employed	2,712	3,055	818	529	519		7,633
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,600	2,877	664	478	441		7,060
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	331	380	53	91	120		975
Value of materials used . £'000	1.870	2,885	685	418	363		6,221
Value of production £'000	3.644	4.214	1,044	711	622		10,235
Total value of output £'000	5.845	7,479	1,782	1,220	1,105		17,431
Value of land and buildings £'000	1.292	1,850	471	147	139		3,899
Value of plant and machinery £'000	987	1,764	465	161	168		3,545
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	,	1	1	1		.,
in use h.p.	10.971	12,910	3,493	2.590	2.871		32,835

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1945–46.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories			312	373	357	368	373	368
Number of persons employed			5,344	6.584	6,611	7,099	7,434	7,633
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1,612	4,989	5.129	6.116	6,706	7,060
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	161	642	702	796	918	975
Value of materials used		£'000	1,210	4.026	4.057	4.881	5.396	6,221
Value of production		£'000	2.341	7,337	7,469	8.983	9.652	10,235
Total value of output		£'000	3,712	12,005	12.228	14,660	15.966	17,431
Value of land and buildings		£'000	988	2,144	2,299	2,623	3.564	3,899
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	619	1.923	2,123	2,342	3.234	3,545
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in I		13,381	24,467	25,415	26,451	30,738	32,835

(iv) Plant, Equipment and Machinery (including Machine Tools). The next table shows particulars for this group for each State during 1956-57 and for Australia in selected years.

PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY (INCLUDING MACHINE TOOLS). 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	1.089	696	147	176	100	4	• 2,212
Number of persons employed	26,983	24,380	6,542	8,235	(a)	(a)	69,476
Salaries and wages paid £'000	26,680	23,016	5,274	7,512	(a)	(a)	65,272
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,045	954	222	416	(a)	(a)	2,775
Value of materials used . £'000	40,972	35,400	6,589	12,358	(a)	(a)	99,172
Value of production £'000	44,543	38,193	7,857	12,142	(a)	(a)	106,922
Total value of output £'000	86,560	74,547	14,668	24,916	(a)	(a)	208,869
Value of land and buildings £'000	16,559	14,987	2,056	3,783	(a)	(a)	39,692
Value of plant and machinery £'000	11,771	10,810	1,793	3,097	(a)	(a)	29,112
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	'	1		1 1	1 '' 1		
in use h.p.	88,715	76,412	18,320	28,175	(a)	(a)	222,937

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1945-46	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956-57.
Niverbay of response applicated	0 605 0 16,455 0 21,044 0 38,104	1,787 60,140 45,414 2,095 63,134 70,790 136,019 22,332	1,911 60,840 47,620 2,219 68,288 75,997 146,504 25,259	1,980 64,588 54,561 2,378 80,462 87,040 169,880 28,687	2,062 68,699 61,872 2,570 93,510 98,574 194,654 34,019	2,212 69,476 65,272 2,775 99,172 106,922 208,869 39,692
Value of plant and machinery £00 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.	0 7,046		21,335 198,300	23,548	26,261 217,880	29,112 222,937

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

<sup>(</sup>v) Other Engineering. Details covering jobbing and general engineering works not elsewhere included are shown for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia in selected years in the following table.

# OTHER ENGINEERING. 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	789	784	156	188	156	93	2,166
Number of persons employed	6,646	8,395	1,601	3,821	965	1.720	23,148
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	5,757	7,444	1,226	3,446	685	1,479	20,037
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	-,	.,	] -,		]	-,	
£'000	210	231	37	100	33	63 1	. 674
Value of materials used £'000	6,634	7,570	1,502	4,140	827	1,647	22,320
Value of production £'000	9,732	11,607	1,952	4,957	1,098	2,222	31,568
Total value of output £'000	16,576	19,408	3,491	9,197	1,958	3,932	54,562
Value of land and buildings £'000	4,267	5,059	699	2.279	560	937	13,801
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2.712	3,726	555	1.428	302	717	9,440
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	,	,					,
in use h.p.	19,444	25,679	4,292	13,342	3,469	6,028	72,254

	Australia.											
Items.			1945-46.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956–57.				
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery		£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	963 \3,112 3,634 162 3,599 5,432 9,193 2,369 2,091	1,975 20,005 13,804 460 14,041 21,551 36,052 8,285 6,366	2,041 20,981 15,100 530 16,427 23,755 40,712 9,900 7,044	2,128 22,540 17,491 599 20,834 28,025 49,458 11,289 8,070	2,220 24,445 20,477 698 24,534 32,949 58,181 13,205 9,363	2,166 23,148 20,037 674 22,320 31,568 54,562 13,801 9,440				
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	in use		26,095	59,024	62,774	66,406	78,246	72,254				

8. Extracting and Refining of Non-ferrous Metals: Alloys.—The following table shows particulars of establishments engaged in metal extraction and ore reduction including secondary recovery of metals, but excluding blast furnaces engaged in production of pig iron from iron ore, for each State during 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted that as Ore Beneficiation and Concentration, formerly included as part of this section of Manufacturing Industry, was transferred to the Mining Industry in 1952-53 details for that and later years are not comparable with those for earlier years.

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS: ALLOYS. 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	25	22	5	2	` <i>-</i> - <sub>1</sub>	3	58
Number of persons employed	1.354	299	646	(b) <sup>-</sup>	(6)	(b)	7,212
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,599	317	863	(b) (b)	(b)	(b) (b)	8,720
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	,	ł	ł	ł	1 ' 1		
£'000	554	. 49	799	(b)	l (b) l	(b)	4,282
Value of materials used £'000	13,108	3,037	16,042	(b) (b)	(b) (b)	(b) (b)	68,426
Value of production £'000	4,083	753	2,303	(b)	(b) (	(b) [	19,773
Total value of output £'000	17,745	3,839	19,144	(b)	(b)	(b)	92,481
Value of land and buildings £'000	872	325	992	(b)	(b)	(b)	6,566
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,441	185	1,356	(b) (b) (b) (b)	(b)	(b) (b)	14,485
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			1	' '			,
in use h.p.	9,987	814	10,473	(b)	(b) [	(b) 1	76,212

	/	USTRAL	Α		<u> </u>		
Items.		1938–39.	1952–53. (c)	1953-54.	1954–55. (c)	1955-56.	1956~57. (c)
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000 £'000 £'000	42 5,532 1,613 598 16,844 3,892 21,334 1,177 3,526 54,450	59 6,958 6,085 2,803 44,481 14,163 61,447 2,669 4,371 70,424	59 6,592 6,069 3,063 53,711 12,648 69,422 2,743 5,390 65,067	62 6,782 6,432 3,253 62,859 14,148 80,260 3,044 6,019 66,280	7,029 7,434 3,753 70,000 17,787 91,540 6,155 13,367 79,696	58 7,212 8,720 4,282 68,426 19,773 92,481 6,566 14,485 76,212

<sup>(</sup>a) In Western Australia the majority of the plants are worked at the mines and are therefore not included. (b) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (c) See text above table.

<sup>9.</sup> Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years.

#### ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, CABLES AND APPARATUS. 1956-57.

		1750 5	<u>·</u>				
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	542	380	72	71	71	17	1,153
Number of persons employed	29,562	10.697	1.721	1,609	(a)	(a)	44,594
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	26,367	9,071	1,338	1,252	(a)	(a)	38,780
Value of power, fuel, etc. used £'000	1,425	439	34	36	(a)	(a)	1,964
Value of materials used . £'000	53,911	16,518	3,254	1,512	(a)	(a)	76,256
Value of production £'000	44,415	13,605	2.147	1,709	(a)	(a)	63,198
Total value of output £'000	99,751	30,562	5,435	3,257	(a)	(a)	141,418
Value of land and buildings £'000	15,528	7,871	677	647	(a)	(a)	25,306
Value of plant and machinery £'000	10,790	4,636	457	304	(a)	(a)	16,409
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	'						
in use h.p.	60,918	22,657	4,685	2,044	(a)	(a)	91,991
		Austral	IA.				
Items.		1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57
Number of factories		360	965	1,028	1,064	1,099	1,153
Number of persons employed		10,666	31,949	38,377	42,007	43,841	44,594
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	2,031	22,903	28,969	33,403	36,663	38,780
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000	105	991	1,391	1,651	1,808	1,964
Value of materials used	£'000	3,195	36,668	58,237	69,962	75,129	76,256
Value of production	£,000	3,655	38,633	49,032	54,637	57,036	63,198
Total value of output	£'000	6,955	76,292	108,660	126,250	133,973	141,418
Value of land and buildings	£'000	1,627	11,270	13,829	16,885	19,992	25,306
Value of plant and machinery	£'000	897	8,168	9,709	11,915	13,854	16,409
11		12042	66 513	74 000		02 270	

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication, figures are included in the total for Australia.

10. Railway and Tramway Workshops (Government and Local Authority).-The railway and tramway workshops, which form an important part of Class IV., are chiefly owned by State Governments and Local Authorities. Workshops (fourteen in 1956-57) controlled by non-public bodies are not included in the figures below :-

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.(a) 1956-57.

Items,	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000. Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	41 15,548 14,197 439 7,734 16,704 24,879 6,061 9,273	22 7,580 6,554 204 5,417 8,878 14,499 1,918 1,075	13 6,671 5,418 137 3,276 6,326 9,739 799 1,087	15 4,292 3,772 140 2,790 4,699 7,629 1,492 1,877	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	125 38,780 33,670 1,090 21,565 41,172 63,827 11,494 14,673
in use h.p.	43,872	23,005	17,491	24,096	(b)	(b)	122,852
		Austral	iA.				
Items.		1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956-57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in (a) Government and Local Author		117 27,310 6,721 226 4,976 8,021 13,223 6,737 5,390 53,671	123 39,073 28,002 907 16,706 33,875 51,488 9,279 10,701 98,251	124 39,262 28,425 994 17,093 34,354 52,441 9,730 12,166 108,478	123 38,599 30,777 1,025 18,818 37,505 57,348 10,524 13,124 112,184	125 38,357 33,159 1,061 20,555 40,404 62,020 11,076 14,072 116,775	125 38,780 33,670 1,090 21,565 41,172 63,827 11,494 14,673 122,852

the total for Australia.

Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.

A railway workshop in the Northern Territory is chiefly engaged in making repairs to rolling stock, etc., no new goods being manufactured. Particulars of this establishment are not included in any of the tables in this chapter.

11. Motor Vehicles.—The industries catering for the motor trade are included in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines and Conveyances. In the table below a summary is given of the principal statistics for 1956-57 for each branch of industry associated with the motor trade of Australia.

# MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC., AUSTRALIA. 1956–57.

Items.			Construc- tion and Assembly.	Repairs.	Motor Bodies. (a)	Motor Acces- sories,	Total.
Number of factories			70	8,556	1.457	251	10,334
Number of persons employed			16,908	55,478	25,460	9,634	107,480
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	16,144	38,987	22,515	8,636	86.282
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	1,029	1,217	896	605	3,747
Value of materials used		£'000	25,495	41,640	42,586	10,576	120,297
Value of production		£,000	25,131	59,736	32,958	14,193	132,018
Total value of output		£,000	51,655	102,593	76,440	25,374	256,062
Value of land and buildings		£'000	14,260	45,997	12,786	5,774	78,817
Value of plant and machinery		£,000	12,908	11,713	10,247	6,022	40,890
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in I	use h.p.	53,957	60,113	56,696	36,026	206,792

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes motor body repairing, panel beating, duco spraying, etc.

In the next table, similar details are shown on a State basis for 1956-57 and for Australia for selected years for these industries combined.

# MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC. 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	4,221	2,656	1.303	933	930	291	10,334
Number of persons employed	35,602	36,406	10,633	16,494	6,233	2,112	107,480
Salaries and wages paid £'000	27,801	30,520	7.024	14,845	4,565	1,527	86,282
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,186	1,513	216	607	185	40	3,747
Value of materials used £'000	38,585	39,308	7,721	26,160	6,839	1,684	120,297
Value of production £'000	44,870	45,270	12,677	19,631	7,209	2,361	132,018
Total value of output £'000	84,641	86,091	20,614	46,398	14,233	4,085	256,062
Value of land and buildings £'000	29,307	28,658	5,908	8,314	4,708	1,922	78,817
Value of plant and machinery £'000	12,511	16,539	1,939	7,849	1,655	397	40,890
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	· ·	·			1 1		
in use h.p.	60,845	76,342	12,442	41,846	13,100	2,217	206,792

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945–46.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	£,000 £,000 £,000 £,000 £,000	3,592 39,706 10,582 395 12,143 15,818 28,356 9,878 3,758 56,117	7,422 82,609 54,666 1,987 74,405 86,305 162,697 38,718 20,129 139,253	8,302 89,913 62,454 2,477 94,173 101,054 197,704 45,835 23,397 146,930	8,993 98,343 73,073 2,798 108,119 112,541 223,458 55,451 26,073 160,001	9,707 105,959 84,082 3,189 126,933 126,459 256,581 66,235 32,390 202,963	10,334 107,480 86,282 3,747 120,297 132,018 256,062 78,817 40,890 206,792

The table below shows the production and imports of motor bodies for 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1957-58:—

### PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS OF MOTOR BODIES(a): AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.	1957–58. (b)
Motor Bodies(a)— Made No. Assembled from Panels imported	79,436	90,822	114,978	127,709	132,085	123,187	163,994
or made elsewhere No. Imported (d) No.	(c) 532	21,566 7,568	43,077 26,874	62,408 37,924	94,676 19,041	77.548 7,062	83,819 5,890

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes sidecars. (b) Preliminary—subject to revision. (c) Not available. (d) Includes bodies on complete vehicles imported.

12. Agricultural Machines and Implements.—Owing to the extensive agricultural activities conducted in Australia and the demand for modern mechanized farm equipment, the manufacture of agricultural implements constitutes an important branch of Australian

industry. The articles manufactured include a wide range of implements for tillage, seeding and planting, and the harvesting of crops. Other farm machinery made includes windmills, chaff-cutters and machinery used in the dairying industry.

The following table shows details of establishments classified as agricultural implement works in each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years.

# AGRICULTURAL MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	135	97	47	37	32		348
Number of persons employed	2.091	5,060	1,353	1,520	363		10,387
Salaries and wages paid. £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used	1,847	4,668	1,032	1,251	309	::	9,107
£'000	87	346	53	84	11		581
Value of materials used . £'000	1.895	6,447	1,055	1,445	242		11,084
Value of production £'000	2,667	7,621	1,499	1,809	442	• • •	14,038
Total value of output £'000	4,649	14,414	2,607	3,338	695		25,703
Value of land and buildings £'000	2.051	2,454	635	672	341		6,153
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1,013	2,726	438	513	110		4,800
in use h.p.	7,359	20,920	5,311	5,646	1,018		40,254

А	TI	c	ГÐ	Α	Ŧ	TA	

Items.			1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed		•••	161 6,563	270 11,608	293 11,930	308 12,182	324 11.938	348 10.387
Salaries and wages paid	::	£,000	1,373	8,838	9,473	10,206	10,364	9,107
Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used	::	£,000	82 1,485	600 11,103	637 12,988	695 13,572	670 13,082	581 11,084
Value of production Total value of output	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	£'000	1,836 3,403	12,787 24,490	13,924 27,549	14,558 28,825	14,650 28,402	14,038 25,703
Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery	••	£'000	997 911	3,701 3,526	3,918 3,627	5,038 4,282	5,774 4,673	6,153 4,800
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in u		13,346	37,372	39,843	39,858	39,878	40,254

13. Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus.—The introduction of wireless broadcasting in 1923 gave rise to a new industry in Australia. Early statistical details of the industry are not available as they were grouped together with other electrical apparatus. In 1930-31, a new classification of factories was adopted and Wireless Apparatus was shown as a separate industry. The industry is confined mainly to New South Wales and Victoria, but is becoming increasingly important in South Australia. During the 1939-45 War, considerable expansion took place in the industry to meet the requirements of the fighting services and apart from a slight drop in output in 1945-46, and in 1952-53, this expansion has continued. The number of broadcast listeners' licences increased from a third of a million in 1930-31 to nearly 2,138,000 at 30th June, 1958 and this increase reflects the advancement of the industry during that period. At 30th June, 1958, 291,000 television viewers' licences had been issued.

### WIRELESS AND AMPLIFYING APPARATUS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956-57
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery		£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	72 4,828 754 23 1,356 1,123 2,502 558 305	149 6,912 4,707 179 7,661 6,042 13,882 1,713	162 8,125 5,751 199 9,782 7,454 17,435 2,011 1,132	175 8,550 6,398 205 10,076 8,624 18,905 2,300 1,242	181 9,171 7,051 231 10,363 8,907 19,501 3,428 1,761	205 12,074 9,145 312 16,801 11,767 28,880 4,752 3,101
Horse-power of engines ordinaril Wireless receiving sets made(a) Television receiving sets made	y in		2,710 163,821	10,596 298,955	9,274 438,978	8,930 456,034	9,624 458,012 2,636	11,658 366,282 121,232

<sup>(</sup>a) Including radiograms and car radios.

Note.—There were 380,000 wireless receiving sets (including radiograms) and 285,000 television receiving sets made in 1957-58.

- 14. Cotton.—(i) General. Cotton has been grown in Australia since 1860, but never on a very large scale. The average annual quantity of unginned cotton produced during the five years ended 1938-39 was 18 million lb. and slightly over 4 million lb. in the five years ended 1956-57. Arising out of the development in the local manufacture of cotton materials and the further expansion following the outbreak of war in 1939, plans were completed for an extension of the area devoted to the cultivation of this crop. The growing of cotton, which is restricted to Queensland, is referred to in some detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.
- (ii) Ginning. The ginning and marketing of cotton is controlled by the Queensland Cotton Board. The Board operates ginneries and processes by-products. The production of raw cotton is insufficient for local factory requirements and is supplemented by imports from overseas, chiefly (in 1957-58) from India, Pakistan, Brazil, Mexico, Peru and the United States of America.
- (iii) Spinning and Weaving. The post war expansion in the spinning and weaving section of the cotton industry marks an important stage in its development. New factories have been established and Australia is now producing an extensive range of cotton goods, including duck and canvas from cotton or flax, denims, drill, etc., tyre cord and tyre cord fabric. The number of establishments engaged in cotton spinning and weaving in Australia and other particulars of the industry are shown in the following table for the years 1938-39, and 1952-53 to 1956-57.

#### COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING: AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57
Number of factories			33	93	96	96	97	91
Number of persons employed		• •	3,589	7,673	9,470	9,582	9,598	9,754
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	493	5,090	6,602	6,845	7,297	7,799
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	50	551	690	706	703	890
Value of materials used		£'000	1,357	14,747	18,083	18,505	18,571	19,485
Value of production		£'000	979	8,126	10,809	11,343	12,227	14,202
Total value of output		£'000	2,386	23,424	29.582	30.554	31,501	34,577
Value of land and buildings		£'000	704	3.951	4,104	5,078	5,719	6,478
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	736	4,370	4,411	4,355	4,637	5,312
Horse-power of engines ordinari	v in	ise h.n.	9,128	36.517	33,201	34.356	34,657	34,568

15. Wool Carding, Spinning and Weaving.—The importance of this industry is emphasised by the fact that Australia is the world's chief source of wool and the development of the woollen industry since its establishment at an early period in Australian history is of singular interest. The production consists chiefly of woollen cloth and tweed, worsted cloth, rugs, blankets and yarn, all of which have acquired a reputation for purity and durability.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Value of plant and of ordinarily in use	44 6,595 4,524 417 13,553 7,153 21,123 2,431 3,077 17,556	84 12,013 8,925 812 24,716 14,674 40,202 5,533 6,264 69,834	974 560 38 2,340 1,339 3,717	426 47 1,234 646 1,927 252 282	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	143 23,217 16,340 1,479 49,303 27,649 78,431 9,019 10,855 99,385

(a) Not available for publication, figures are included in the total for Australia.

### WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING-continued.

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		i	1938-39. (a)	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories			90	171	164	151	145	143
Number of persons employed .			19,608	19,729	22,619	21,844	21,899	23,217
Salarier and wages maid	£	000	2,888	12,028	14,382	13,945	14,409	16,340
Value of power, fuel, etc., used .	£	0000	393	1,175	1,329	1,288	1,345	1,479
Value of materials used	£	0000	7,331	34,655	45,033	38,938	39,532	49,303
Value of production	£	0000	4,791	19,226	23,237	21,898	24,082	27,649
Total value of output	£	000	12,515	55,056	69,599	62,124	64,959	78,431
Value of land and buildings .	£	'000	2,380	6,242	6,894	7,369	7,713	9,019
Value of plant and machinery .	., £	'000	3,370	8,183	9,086	10,053	10,673	10,855
Horse-power of engines ordinarily i	in use	b.p.	42,944	67,911	68,715	66,817	71,752	99,385
Articles produced—		-	· .		, ,	,	, i	,
Woollen and worsted cloth $(b)(c)$	'000 sq.	yds.	31,768	29,400	35,027	31,067	30,279	32,731
Blankets and rugs (b)		'000	1,279	1,035	1,340	1,673	1,799	1,841

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Woolscouring Works in Victoria and Tasmania and Woolscouring Works and Fellmongeries in South Australia. (b) Includes production in other industries. (c) Includes

16. Hoisery and Other Knitted Goods.—Details for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

#### HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings	207 7,280 4,987 235 10,682 9,282 20,199 2,915 2,334	429 15,224 10,521 491 22,112 18,997 41,600 6,666 5,504	333 8 1,560 461 2,029	114 53 2 79 79 160	199 104 4 244 151 399	3 91 54 4 92 65 161 38 21	665 23,492 16,052 744 34,769 29,035 64,548 9,939 8,143
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	6,485	15,213	697	222	1	92	22,911

# Australia.

Items.		1938–39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . Value of production . Total value of output . Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	313 18,159 2,332 133 4,284 3,809 8,226 1,962 1,931 8,884	587 20,694 11,641 588 23,939 21,164 45,691 6,329 6,038 17,997	645 23,937 14,277 30,372 26,155 57,211 7,253 7,201 18,478	661 24,614 15,117 656 31,317 27,535 59,508 8,643 7,917 20,884	664 23,409 15,117 687 31,822 27,236 59,745 9,339 8,159 20,315	665 23,492 16,052 744 34,769 29,035 64,548 9,939 8,143 22,911

The following quantities of yarn were used in these establishments during 1956-57:—Worsted or woollen, 8,536,251 lb.; mixtures predominantly woollen or worsted, 1,064,164 lb.; cotton, 9,618,390 lb.; mercerised cotton, 322,135 lb.; cotton and rayon, 11,600 lb.; rayon, spun, 888,478 lb.; rayon filament, 3,646,371 lb.; silk, 4,132 lb.; nylon, spun, 936,332 lb.; nylon filament, 2,358,728 lb.; other yarns, 677,159 lb. Production of garments and stockings is shown in 10 (see p. 182).

17. Tanning, Currying and Leather Dressing.—(i) Details of Industry. In Class VII. the most important industry is tanning. Formerly the production of tanneries in Australia was confined to the coarser sorts of leathers, but there are now very few kinds which cannot be produced locally, and an export trade has been built up in some varieties.

#### TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	65	40	13	9		1	133
Number of persons employed	1,782	1.994	583	199	(a)	(a)	4,746
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,722	1,851	473	183	(a)	(a)	4,383
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	188	185	40	21	(a)	(a)	446
Value of materials used £'000	4,773	4,409	1,576	538	(a)	(a)	11,738
Value of production £'000	2,130	2,388	699	329	(a)	(a)	5,736
Total value of output £'000	7,091	6,982	2,315	888	(a)	(a)	17,920
Value of land and buildings £'000	968	1,074	107	87	(a)	(a) 1	2,314
Value of plant and machinery £'000	891	906	257	149	(a)	(a)	2,264
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	ľ	ľ	ĺ	ĺ	1 '' 1	` ` `	
in use h.p.	11,622	12,669	3,711	1,691	(a)	(a)	30,799

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

#### Australia.

Items.		1938–39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	 £,000 £,000 £,000 €,000	132 4,375 920 88 2,983 1,522 4,593 814 524 12,345	141 5,240 4,163 382 9,488 5,983 15,853 1,883 1,832 30,314	142 5,445 4,464 417 10,477 6,672 17,566 2,055 1,990 31,182	140 5,393 4,518 408 10,675 6,743 17,826 2,219 2,128 31,708	137 4,972 4,468 415 11,180 6,082 17,677 2,176 2,231 31,590	4,383 446 11,738 5,736 17,920 2,314 2,264

(ii) Materials Used and Articles Produced. The quantities of materials used and leather produced in tanneries in each State in 1956-57 are shown in the following table:—
TANNERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Materials used—		( <del></del>		1			·
Hides (cattle)—				Į.	l		
Yearling No.	124,377	36,609	11,363	(a)	(a)		180,858
Light Hides(b) ,,	310,574		193,975	63,742		(a)	1,148,427
Heavy Hides(c)	428,302				(a)	(a)	1.226,784
Skins—	/			,	\ \-'		1 7 7
Calf ,,	714,367	278,914	102,296	(a)	i	(a)	1,097,011
Goat	(a)	(a)	(a)				391,664
Sheep including Pelts ,,	2,004,556	457,069	(a)	(a)	1		2,951,531
Marsupial	24,877		(a)	(a)	(a)		89,137
Bark used—		/		`'	`-'		,
Wattle tons	2,133	5,092	847	(a)	١ ا	(a)	8,838
Mallet and Other ,,	(a)	(a)	(a)		(a)		901
Tanning extract (veg.) used "	2,231	2,917	1,823		799	(a)	8,163
Articles produced—	<b>,</b>	· 1		` '	1		
Leather made—	i			l			
Sole 1b.	8,189,254	13,976,306	5.947.926	(a)	1,881,759	(a)	30,583,326
Harness, Belting, etc. ,,	656,124	422,132	(a)	(a)	(a)		2,553,279
Upholstery sq. ft.	(a)	1,005,848	(a)	(a)	(a)		1,433,819
Dressed and Upper from	, -			` ′	` ,		1 ' '
Hides—				1 :			ł
Sold by Measurement—							1
Patent sq. ft.	(a)	1,684,902		(a)	١ ٠. ١		2,796,060
All Other	20,336,902	19,685,917	8,320,415	3,835,492	(a)	(a)	53,814,694
Sold by Weight (all				' '	` ′		1
kinds) lb. l	47,903	(a)	(a)		(a)	(a)	162,160
Dressed from skins—							
Calf sq. ft.	4,488,142	2,096,728	678,054	(a)	(a)	(a)	7,272,663
Goat ""	1,768,157	(a)	(a)		1.1		1,875,547
Sheep "	8,100,665		(a)	(a)			11,221,661
Marsupial "."	122,481	650,442	(a)	(a)	(a)		960,174

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia 45 lb. (c) Over 45 lb.

(b) Up to

18. Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing.—Statistics showing the distribution of this industry among the States in 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

# TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

1956-57.

Items.	n.s.w.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	964	621	125	101	119	14	1,944
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	17,202 10,091	10,163 6,497	2,218 1,019	1,419 720	736 336	182	31,920 18,760
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	10,051	0,457	1,017	120	350		10,700
used £'000	217	144	23	20	10	2	416
Value of materials used £'000	19,020	13,078	2,319	850	542	74	35,883
Value of production £'000	15,930	10,481	1,717	1,001	552	130	29,811
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	35,167	23,703	4,059 642	1,871 588	1,104	206	66,110
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machi-	5,061	3,420	042	388	361	63	10,137
nery £'000	1,506	1,067	141	96	42	9	2,861
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	40.00		***				
in use h.p.	4,952	3,099	506	383	166	27	9,133

			AUSTRALI	Α.				
Items.			1938-39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in us	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,177 26,499 3,168 72 4,947 4,812 9,831 3,176 356 2,607	1,961 32,209 15,681 363 28,767 23,581 52,711 7,573 2,469 10,693	1,963 33,264 17,215 380 33,598 26,076 60,054 8,251 2,523 9,339	1,985 33,384 17,968 390 34,237 28,031 62,658 8,917 2,663 9,198	1,952 32,587 18,261 393 35,941 28,940 65,274 9,484 2,746 9,017	31,920 18,760 416 35,883 29,811 66,110 10,137 2,861

19. Dressmaking and Millinery Establishments.—Particulars of dressmaking and millinery establishments in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57 are shown in the following table:—

# DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY: AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55	1955–56.	1956-57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used	::	£,000 	869 16,398 1,653 33	1,405 18,913 8,490 170	1,433 19,197 9,230 187	1,411 18.014 8,975 176	1,410 17,675 9,063 177	16,265
Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	::	£,000 £,000 £,000	2,610 2,592 5,235 2,052	11,746 13,193 25,109 4,726	13,634 14,392 28,213 5,033	13,109 14,501 27,786 5,256	13,029 14,585 27,791 5,788	12,447 14,244 26,876 5,966
Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	y in u	£'000 se h.p.	189 1,732	1,065 4,790	1,108 4,858	1,123 4,740	1,174 4,697	

20. Shirts, Collars and Underclothing.—Particulars of this industry are shown below for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years:—

#### SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	. 163	176	19	23	14	2	397
Number of persons employed	. 4,509	6,625	1,053	424	(a)	(a)	13,157
Salaries and wages paid £'00	0 2,653	4.036	492	206	(a)	(a)	7,640
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	1 1	· '		ļ	`	` ′	.,
used £'00	00 51	61	8	4	(a)	(a)	129
Value of materials used £'00	6.785	8,140	748	259	(a)	(a)	16.285
Value of production £'06	0 4,184	6.452	699	294	(a)	(a)	12,051
Total value of output £'00		14,653	1,455	557	(a)	(a)	28,465
Value of land and buildings £'0		1,814	179	91	(a)	(a)	3,543
Value of plant and machi-		-,			`	\-',	-,
nery £'0	00 480	615	66	25	(a)	(a)	1,229
Horse-power of engines ordinari			1		`~	\/	1,>
in use h.		2,905	258	158	(a)	(a)	5,177

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

# SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING—continued.

#### AUSTRALIA. 1938-39. 1952-53. 1953-54. 1954-55. 1955-56. 1956-57. Ttems Number of factories 397 9,657 4,397 76 9,670 12,745 6,702 106 12,686 6,957 119 13,157 7,640 129 16,285 Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid ... 11,081 11,156 . . £,000 £,000 1,143 5,684 92 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used ... £,000 2,651 1,761 12,077 9,377 15,020 16,112 . . 11,328 27,559 2,999 1,146 Value of production £,000 7,524 10,927 . . 4,435 946 231 17,270 2,151 846 21,546 2,417 905 26,053 2,719 1,053 28,465 3,543 1,229 £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 4,320 4,468 4.881

21. Boots and Shoes.—(i) Details of Industry. Boot and shoe factories hold an important place in respect of both employment afforded and extent of output. The following tables refer to boot and shoe factories as distinct from those devoted to repairing, except in Tasmania, where it has been necessary to include details of boot and shoe repairing, in order to avoid disclosure of confidential information for that State. Factories engaged in the manufacture of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included here, being classified under Rubber Goods, see para. 38, page 210.

#### BOOTS AND SHOES.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust.
Number of factories	176 6,996	222 11.136	29 1,416	18 1,162	11 592	18 130	474 21,432
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	5,026	7,974	896	867	383	88	15,234
Value of power, fuel, etc, used £'000	88	134	12	14	7	2	257
Value of materials used £'000	6,958	12,027	1,441	1,223	439	133	22,221
Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000	7,155 14,201	11,171 23.332	1,102 2,555	1,132 2,369	530 976	132 267	21,222 43,700
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machi-	1,528	2,023	206	295	166	49	4,267
nery £'000	816	2,081	330	339	128	21	3,715
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	4,672	9,265	958	880	600	121	16,496

#### Australia.

Items.			1945–46.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	···	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	383 18,264 4,408 75 7,520 6,472 14,067 1,518 1,222 9,678	509 20,920 12,430 197 17,662 35,027 3,227 2,653 18,214	520 22,953 14,215 225 20,508 19,444 40,177 3,491 3,152 16,679	516 22,323 14,241 227 21,020 19,640 40,887 3,733 3,380 17,488	494 21,557 14,310 233 21,812 20,480 42,525 3,846 3,646 16,485	474 21,432 15,234 257 22,221 21,222 43,700 4,267 3,715 16,496

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes details of boot and shoe repairing.

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number and value of boots, shoes and slippers made in factories producing boots and shoes in each State are shown for 1956-57 in the following table. Particulars relating to the output of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included:—

#### BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES: OUTPUT, 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Boots, shoes and sandals pairs £ Slippers pairs £	7,145,572 12,976,752 1,847,941 1,459,911	20,202,844 5,055,132	2,214,450	2,310,565 69,546			20,861,361 38,621,389 7,684,224 4,718,764

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Preliminary figures for 1957-58 were—Boots, Shoes and Sandals, 21,541,000 pairs; and Slippers, 8,905,000 pairs.

22. Flour-milling.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows the position of the flour-milling industry in each State for the year 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years:—

FLOUR-MILLING.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	46	34	11	22	20	10	143
Number of persons employed	1,663	1,391	571	463	504	137	4,729
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,681	1,244	477	421	422	130	4,375
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	1				11	. 1	
£'000	408	223	90	93	115	17 [	946
Value of materials used £'000	21,942	17,797	6,061	5,889	6,280	1,125	59,094
Value of production £'000	4,599	2,417	961	689	759	183	9,608
Total value of output . £'000	26,949	20,437	7,112	6,671	7,154	1,325	69,648
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,160	1,565	789	312	786	74	5,686
Value of plant and machinery £'000		1,353	753	418	624	81	5,690
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		-/-			1 1	1	
in use h.p.	17,423	15.404	4,799	3,891	5,407	1,179	48,103

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956–57
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	      £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	172 3,783 896 231 10,573 2,091 12,895 2,091 1,814 27,795	158 4,892 3,884 866 51,373 8,296 60,535 3,912 4,531 44,781	157 4,602 3,847 847 53,946 8,134 62,927 4,260 4,921 52,545	151 4,528 3,851 805 54,436 7,311 62,552 4,533 5,060 46,566	151 4,548 4,073 835 54,498 7,575 62,908 5,211 5,405 47,786	143 4,729 4,375 946 59,094 9,608 69,648 5,686 5,690 48,103

(ii) Production of Flour and By-products. The production of flour by the mills in each State (including other than flour mills) for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1957-58 was as follows:—

FLOUR-MILLING: PRODUCTION OF FLOUR. (a)
(Tons of 2,000 lb.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		547,162	436,829	84,314	146,262	138,583	19,582	1,372,732
1952-53		543,693	592,465	132,839	201,685	227,269	28,349	1,726,300
1953-54		603,575	473,842	138,524	164,907	197,654	30,556	1,609,058
1954-55		586,549	455,906	157,904	143,840	178,851	29,969	1,553,019
1955-56		571,084	454,628	169,793	154,327	193,490	27,983	1,571,305
1956-57		621,476	461,663	170,397	164,417	184,717	29,157	1,631,827
1957-58 (b)		398,525	478,520	143,247	139,601	168,869	28,350	1,357,112

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes wheatmeal for baking and sharps.

In addition, 633,000 tons (2,000 lb. per ton) of bran and pollard were produced in 1956-57 and 500,000 tons in 1957-58. The total quantity of wheat ground in flour mills was 74,203,000 bushels in 1956-57 and 62,820,000 bushels in 1957-58.

<sup>(</sup>b) Preliminary, subject to revision.

23. Bakeries.—Information regarding establishments in which the manufacture of bread, cakes, etc., was carried on is given in the table below. It should be noted, however, that the details refer only to establishments coming within the definition of a factory as explained at the beginning of this section. For that reason, the tables do not give complete details of the industry, as a large number of bakeries, etc. not coming within the definition are excluded. This is true of all other industries covered by the statistics of manufacturing production, but, in view of the omission of such a large number of establishments in this instance, special mention is deemed necessary.

#### BAKERIES (INCLUDING CAKES AND PASTRY).

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,542 7,535 4,890 947 15,149 11,341 27,437 7,238 3,960	3,618 661 10,682 8,824 20,167 5,728	2,344 1,224 237 4,320 2,939 7,496 1,310	1,015 178 3,300 2,302 5,780 1,360	1,058 582 120 2,165 1,470 3,755 888	1,727 1,334 165 5,088 2,830 8,083 1,467	3,813 19,964 12,663 2,308 40,704 29,706 72,718 17,991 10,590
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	10,557	7,486	2,952	2,950	1,942	4,317	30,204

#### Australia.(a)

Items.		1938-39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	1,993 306 6,651 4,509 11,466 4,960 1,478	3,534 18,405 9,368 1,694 29,672 21,788 53,154 12,145 6,073 23,792	3,687 18,758 9,954 1,805 32,829 23,107 57,741 13,617 7,158 26,462	3,800 19,125 10,648 1,902 35,899 23,582 61,383 14,352 8,373 27,815	3,878 19,543 11,611 2,090 37,820 26,418 66,328 15,865 9,461 29,535	3,813 19,964 12,663 2,308 40,704 29,706 72,718 17,991 10,590 30,204

(a) Includes confectionery in Tasmania.

24. Sugar-mills.—(i) General. Sugar-cane is grown in New South Wales and Queensland and particulars of area, yield, etc., are given in extended detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

The products of the sugar-mill are raw sugar and molasses, the former being sent to the refineries in different parts of Australia for further treatment. Particulars of cane crushed and sugar produced embodied in the following table refer to the quantities treated during the years ended 30th June, irrespective of the season in which the cane was grown; consequently, the figures relating to cane crushed and sugar produced may differ slightly from those given in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production, which relate to harvest years.

(ii) Details for States. The following table shows details of the operations of sugar mills in New South Wales and Queensland for the years 1938-39 and 1952-53 to 1956-57:—

	SU	JGAR-MI	LLS.			
Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
	Nev	v Sоυтн V	WALES.			!
Number of factories Number of persons employed. Cane crushed tons Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons	3 212 337,038 45,106	138 125,714 14,272	3 156 263,249 34,004	3 187 222,313 26,301	3 152 284,539 36,028	3 153 294,087 35,918
	<u> </u>	QUEENSLA	VD.		`	`
Number of factories Number of persons employed Cane crushed tons Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons Molasses— Sold to distilleries'000 gals Used as fodder "," Used as manure "," Run to waste "," Burnt as fuel "," Sold or used for other purposes'000 gals Total molasses disposed	33 4,419 5,432,193 775,064 8,276 4,237 3,293 3,749 232	31 6,495 6,841,536 934,614 15,774 5,887 7,499 934 426	31 7,358 8,751,063 1,220,383 23,323 5,486 11,466 168 183 516	31 7,272 9,864,304 1,301,245 23,167 5,753 10,501 233 1,079	31 7,044 8,616,163 1,135,685 22,772 5,285 10,637 1,519 588	31 7,099 8,978,081 1,171,879 24,034 5,522 9,154 1,402 521
of'000 gals	20,286	30,596	41,142	41,206	40,986	40,684

- 25. Sugar-refining.—The establishment of the sugar-refining industry considerably antedates the establishment of the sugar-milling industry, the raw material operated on in the earlier years coming chiefly from Mauritius and the East. In 1956-57, there were two sugar refineries in Queensland and one each in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia and Western Australia. The total quantity of raw sugar treated amounted to 499,289 tons for a yield of 480,393 tons of refined sugar.
- 26. Confectionery.—The figures for 1956-57 for each State and for Australia for a series of years are shown hereunder:—

# CONFECTIONERY.

		1956–57	<u>.                                    </u>				
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.(b)
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	91 3,044 2,333 259 8,051 5,549 13,859 1,411 1,608	82 2,938 2,068 205 6,092 3,525 9,822 1,412 1,705	18 2100 97 8 279 230: 517 124 72	191 21 504	299 177 16 465 307 788 84 76	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	213 6,818 4,866 509 15,391 9,885 25,785 3,239 3,582 27,348
	A	USTRALIA	(b)	· .	<u>'</u> '		
Items.		1938-39	1952-53	. 1953–54	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956-57.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of production  Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	148 7,256 1,041 107 3,102 2,418 5,627 1,423 1,364 16,154	256 6,873 4,084 436 12,554 7,910 20,900 2,510 2,872 26,002	249 6,976 4,382 444 13,857 8,307 22,608 2,650 3,039 28,763	7,069 4,516 447 14,917 8,320 23,684 2,964 3,368	226 7,183 4,805 473 15,583 8,932 24,988 3,324 3,612 29,156	213 6,818 4,866 509 15,391 9,885 25,785 3,239 3,582 27,348

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication. Included with bakeries.

<sup>(</sup>b) Excludes Tasmania.

27. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of factories included in this class for each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years:—

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, SAUCES, VINEGAR. 1956-57.

			·								
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.				
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	59 2,880 2,324 253 8,725 4,550 13,528 2,001 1,600 9,577	60 4,965 4,321 481 20,746 9,230 30,457 5,633 5,297 27,465	15 1,531 1,110 75 5,038 1,820 6,933 741 475	19 1,369 983 68 6 2,942 1,693 4,703 461 489	9 151 98 8 399 208 615 140 45	20 1,123 862 72 2,024 1,291 3,387 814 846 3,539	182 12,019 9,698 957 39,874 18,792 59,623 9,790 8,752 45,820				
AUSTRALIA.											
Items.		1938–39.	1952-53	1953-54	. 1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57				
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	123 6,476 1,149 97 4,800 2,334 7,231 1,382 721 7,873	204 10,845 9,391 636 27,228 12,662 40,526 6,025 5,095 30,241	197 11,101 7,870 660 28,875 14,992 44,527 6,137 5,404 31,721	184 11,061 7,945 699 29,708 15,312 45,719 6,193 5,496 32,661	183 11,578 8,924 802 32,323 16,103 49,228 8,874 8,083 38,508	182 12,019 9,698 957 39,874 18,792 59,623 9,790 8,752 45,820				

<sup>(</sup>ii) Production. During the 1939-45 War, production of jams increased greatly and an output of 171 million lb. was attained in 1943-44. Production afterwards decreased, but attained a new record of 198.5 million lb. in 1947-48. It dropped to 92.2 million lb. in 1956-57. Preliminary figures for 1957-58 show production as being 108.0 million lb.

The peak output of preserved fruit occurred in 1953-54 with 338.6 million lb. compared with the previous highest level of 256.1 million lb. attained in 1951-52. Production in 1956-57 was 289.5 million lb. and preliminary figures for 1957-58 show production as being 340.3 million lb.

There has also been a marked development in the production of canned vegetables. In 1938-39, output totalled 10.3 million lb. but, as a result of the war-time demand by the armed services, production reached the record level of 119.1 million lb. in 1944-45. However, it has since declined and in 1956-57 amounted to 98.4 million lb. Preliminary figures for 1957-58 show production as being 85.1 million lb.

The following table shows the total quantity and value of jams, pickles, sauces and other items manufactured in each State in 1956-57:—

JAMS, PRESERVED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES, PICKLES AND SAUCES: 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Jams '000 lb. Fruit, preserved	22,639 38,539 41,089 265 37,082	40,777 138,236 57,243 123 40,773	11,610 58,801 6,056 2,562 197	(a) 42,967 (a) 134 3,869	(a) (a) 7,425 (a) 2,253	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) 14,244	92,208 289,510 290,975 3,298 98,418
Pickled Vegetables "," Tomato Pulp(b) cwt. Tomato Paste, Puree, etc., '000 pints	3,001 132,194 1,400	837 853,998 2,547	(a)	1,679 63,477 (a)	348 93,544 (a)	(a)	5,896 1,167,335 4,692
Tomato Juice '000 gals. Pickles '000 pints Chutney	3,801 573	725 2,531 (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	::	1,508 8,119 1,409
Sauces "" Soup (canned) "" Soup, Dry Mix "000 lb.	12,052 5,192 (a)	16,228 38,604 (a)	1,844 (a) (a)	2,308 (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a)	33,494 44,538 4,525

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication. Figures are included in the total for Australia, quantities made and used in the works producing them.

<sup>(</sup>b) Including

28. Bacon-curing.—(i) Details of Industry. The table hereunder shows particulars of factories engaged in bacon-curing in each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years:—

### BACON-CURING. 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed  Salaries and wages paid. £'000  Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000  Value of materials used . £'000  Value of production . £'000  Total value of output . £'000  Value of land and buildings £'000  Value of plant and machinery £'000  Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	29 657 598 78 4,981 1,174 6,233 513 279 2,225	15 775 665 80 4,427 1,353 5,860 594 322 3,049	9 1,243 997 97 7,346 1,671 9,114 728 543 4,688	14 449 409 62 2,456 560 3,078 361 270 2,170	4 254 195 35 2,442 338 2,815 112 58	10 94 92 10 721 177 908 144 40	81 3,472 2,956 362 22,373 5,273 28,008 2,452 1,512 13,472

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	76 2,047 480 77 3,768 865 4,710 750 357 9,389	85 2,994 2,225 292 18,836 4,026 23,154 1,635 917 11,636	85 2,975 2,270 298 19,448 4,410 24,156 1,737 955 11,685	84 3,201 2,517 322 18,318 5,715 24,355 1,956 1,100 11,791	82 3,414 2,754 339 20,814 4,997 26,150 2,308 1,329 13,019	81 3,472 2,956 362 22,373 5,273 28,008 2,452 1,512 13,472

(ii) Quantity of Production. The number of pigs cured and the quantity of bacon and ham and lard produced in factories in each State for 1956-57 are shown in the following table:—

#### BACON-CURING FACTORIES: PIGS CURED AND PRODUCTION, 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Pigs killed for bacon and ham— For curing on own account	178,959	144,262	240,056	69,225	} 94,856	30,310	{ 757,229 14,428
For curing on commission  Pork and green bacon used  for—	10,255	1,952	1,212	570	74,030	30,310	14,428
Curing on own account '000 lb.	3,148	2,260	(a)	966	(a)		7,282
Curing on commission '000 lb. Sugar used ton	4,484 46	52 23	154	(a)	(a) 27	(a) 14	4,556 284
Finished bacon and ham made (b)—		23	134	20	21	14	204
On own account '000 lb. On commission	15,899 4,996	15,040 190	19,066 131	7,023 56	6,825 15	1,893 22	65,746 5,410
Green bacon and ham ,, Lard produced cwt.	376 3,326	1,950 6,555	409 20,695	452 4,952	1,081 6,290	413 944	4,681 42,762

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Includes smoked bacon and ham, cooked ham (not smoked) made for retail sale, and canned bacon and ham.

Bacon and ham and other pig products are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.—Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

29. Butter, Cheese and Condensed and Dried Milk.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of butter, cheese and condensed and dried milk factories in each State for 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years.

# BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED AND DRIED MILK. 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	75	131	83	42	18	22	371
Number of persons employed	2,396	5,620	1,669	819	312	373	11,189
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,178	5,381	1,288	630	249	342	10,068
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	659	1,598	279	117	70 (	74	2,797
Value of materials used £'000	16,211	51,561	20,668	5,211	3,425	4,441	101.517
Value of production £'000	3,746	10,567	2,467	1,118	530	837	19,265
Total value of output £'000	20,616	63,726	23,414	6,446	4,025	5,352	123,579
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,175	5,836	1,689	729	225	331	11.985
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,695	7,031	2,519	721	367	298	14,631
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		1		1		_	'
in use h.p.	29,965	40,031	25,001	8,297	2,393	2,470	108,157

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output £'000	1,570 390 29,162 3,543	384 10,641 8,098 2,339 97,291 14,350 113,980	380 10,580 8,416 2,396 94,020 15,914 112,330	379 10,567 8,680 2,423 100,706 15,394 118,523	375 11,119 9,568 2,741 106,883 18,893 128,517	371 11,189 10,068 2,797 101,517 19,265 123,579
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use	2,880 3,067	7,571 10,250 84,428	9,365 12,083 94,863	10,037 12,553 98,442	11,188 13,923 102,182	11,985 14,631 108,157

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The next table shows the quantities and values of butter, cheese and condensed milk produced and the quantities of milk used in their production during 1956-57. These details are restricted to factory production and therefore exclude farm output.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK, ETC., FACTORIES: PRODUCTION, 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Total.
	MA	TERIALS	USED.		·		·
Whole Milk used in manufacture of Butter '000 gal. Cheese " 'Condensed, Dried and other Milk	166,230 8,952	412,709 43,865	184,863 15,965	36,278 25,964	34,592 2,531	48,456 747	883,128 98,024
Products '000 gal. Sugar ton	15,146 (a)	63,857 16,392	3,926 (a)	(a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	88,862 19,176
	F	RODUCT	ion.				
Butter	Ton. 33,826 4,019	Ton. 88,598 20,541	Ton. 41,089 7,137	Топ. 8,440 11,959	Ton. 7,462 1,182	Ton. 10,426 333	Ton. 189,841 45,171
Unsweetened)	(a)	45,589	٠		(a)		49,701
Whole Milk	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	 	(a) (a)	(a) ··	15,145
Spray	} (a) {	10,551 376	{ (a)	(a)		(a) {	16,508 1,356
cluding Malted Milk and Milk Sugar (Lactose)	(a)	(a)		••		(a)	13,567
Spray Roller	} 8,454 935	20,718	(a) 738	(a)	(a) (a)	{	23,170 7,397 5,552
Buttermilk and Whey Powder Casein Ice Cream Mix—	(a)	3,489 7,297	(a)	(a) 			7,730
Powder Liquid	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) 	(a) 	::	515 3,687
Processed Cheese, Cheese Paste and Cheese Spreads(b)	(a)	(a)	(a)				15,312

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) The cheese used in the manufacture of these products is included in Cheese (Green Weight) made as shown above.

<sup>8183/58.-7</sup> 

The butter, cheese and condensed milk industries are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.—Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

30. Meat and Fish Preserving.—The industries included in this group are engaged chiefly in the freezing and preserving of meat. Works have been established at the seaports for the purpose of handling beef, lamb and mutton for export, and insulated space for the carriage of chilled and frozen produce is provided by shipping companies trading between Australia and other parts of the world. The substitution of chilled for frozen meat exported is referred to in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production. In recent years, there has been considerable expansion in the canning of meat and fish.

#### MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc, used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Value of person of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	11 559 452 84 2,408 1,050 3,452 316 303	15 653 614 97 3,345 1,158 4,600 684 739 3,219	29 6,227 6,038 764 35,278 10,065 46,107 3,139 2,133 23,317	19 (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	35 1,101 1,033 123 3,121 1,672 4,916 1,834 797 6,781	4 (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	113 8,866 8,366 1,099 45,483 14,385 60,967 6,241 4,147 36,517

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

#### Australia.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Yalue of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000	32 4,093 1,180 134 6,351 1,601	972 47,637 12,126	1,015 46,671 11,374	8,327 1,110 46,642 12,182	9,550 8,704 1,119 46,359 14,345	8,866 8,366 1,099 45,483 14,385
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	8,086 1,966 1,325 13,385	4,562	4,500 2,826	5,403 3,409	5,934 4,118	60,967 6,241 4,147 36,517

Particulars of the quantities and values of beef, mutton and lamb preserved by cold process exported from Australia over a series of years will be found in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production.

31. Breweries.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table gives particulars of breweries in each State for the year 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted, however, that the data shown are not strictly comparable throughout, owing to the inability or failure of some breweries to furnish a separate return for each branch of activity. Consequently the figures for some States include details of employment, wages, output, etc., not connected with the brewing of beer, although associated with it. These extraneous activities include cooperage, malt works, aerated waters, etc.

#### BREWERIES.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	7	6	6	3	3		27
Number of persons employed	1,943	1,993	866	(a)	(a)	(a)	6,107
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,041	2,081	767	(a)	(a)	(a)	6,196
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	601	356	215		(a)	(a)	1,509
Value of materials used . £'000	8,273	6,883	2,130	(a)	(a)	(a)	21,238
Value of production £'000	5,999	4,079			(a)	(a)	16,266
Total value of output (b) £'000	14.873	11,318	4,640	(a)	(a)	(a)	39,013
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,317				(a)	(a)	11,069
Value of plant and machinery £'000	5,216				(a)	(a)	14,863
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1 ,	3,	,		1 1	` '	- 7,000
in use h.p.	16,533	11,721	7,991	(a)	(a)	(a)	45,268

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

# ${\tt BREWERIES--} continued.$

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.	1956-57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed	34 3,698	5,904	6,193	30 6,791	6,835	6,107
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,215	5,030	5,325 1,366	6,272	6,588	6,196
Value of materials used £'000	251 3,407	1,388 16,452	19,975	1,369 20,810	1,396 22,437	1,509 21,238
Value of production £'000 Total value of output(a) £'000	5,372 9,030	11,458 29,298	13,048 34,389	14,855 37,034	15,224 39,057	16,266 39,013
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,801 2,737	6,480 5,870	7,256 7,681	8,307 10,295	10,099 12,917	11,069 14.863
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	23,231	32,754	38,803	42,359	44,908	45,268

(a) Excludes Excise Duty.

(ii) Production, Consumption, Materials Used. The quantity of ale, beer and stout brewed fell from 73.7 million gallons in 1928-29 to 49.8 million gallons in 1931-32, but thereafter increased each year to 109.2 million gallons in 1941-42. Under the Control of Liquor Order which operated between March, 1942 and March, 1946, the production of beer was restricted and consequently annual output remained static at about 100 million gallons from 1942-43 to 1944-45. Thereafter production increased, and in 1957-58 amounted to over 233 million gallons.

The average annual consumption of ale, beer and stout prior to the economic depression of the early thirties exceeded 11 gallons per head of the population: it dropped to 7.3 gallons in 1931-32, increased to 13.8 gallons in 1941-42 and declined again to about 13 gallons during the period of control. The consumption per head had increased to 23.0 gallons by 1957-58.

The table below shows the quantities of materials used and the quantity and value of ale, beer (excluding waste beer) and stout brewed in each State during 1956-57:—

BREWERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1956-57,

	Dr	EWEKIES .	VIATERI	ALS US	ED ANL	TROD	oction,	, 1930	37.
	Part	iculars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
				MATERI	ALS USED		·	<u> </u>	
Malt Hops Sugar	::	'000 bus. '000 lb. ton	1,988	2,018 1,142 14,225	773 525 4,654	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	6,551 4,508 46,215
		ALE, BEI	R AND STO	UT BREV	VED (EXCI	LUDING V	VASTE BEI	ER).	·
Quanti Value (		'000 gals. £'000		65,172 11,177		(a) (a)	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	220,727 38,454

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

32. Wineries and Distilleries.—The following table shows particulars of the operations of Wineries and Distilleries for each State during 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years.

### WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	29	28		73	22	<del></del>	157
Number of persons employed	225	373	166	1,191	72		2,027
Salaries and wages paid £'000	212	322		975	38		1,699
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	118,	103	70	129			423
Value of materials used £'000	1,168	916	384				6,461
Value of production £'000	612	839	301	1,830			3,704
Total value of output £'000	1,898'	1,858	755				10,588
Value of land and buildings £'000	447	349	118				2,363
Value of plant and machinery £'000	466	340	391	1,085	66		2,348
Horse-power of engines ordinarily							
in use h.p.	1,372	2,518	590	6,591	341		11,412

### WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES-continued.

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.	1956–57.
Number of factories	135	167	164	158	155	157
Number of persons employed	1,133	2,021	1,981	2,022	1,908	2,027
Salaries and wages paid £'000	246	1,431	1,475	1,506	1,532	1,699
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000		333	365	387	368	423
Value of materials used £'000		5,464	5,721	4,885	5,074	6,461
Value of production £'000		3,198	3,254	2,846	2,890	3,704
Total value of output £'000		8.995	9,340	8,118	8,332	10,588
Value of land and buildings £'000		2,104	2,284	2,312	2,254	2,363
Value of plant and machinery £'000		1,913	2,108	2,170	2,099	2,348
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		-,	3,100		_,0,,,	]
use h.p.	4,396	10,995	11,275	11,054	11,159	11,412

33. Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.—Particulars of establishments in which the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes was carried on during 1956-57 are shown below for each State and for Australia for a series of years. There are no such factories in South Australia or Tasmania.

# TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

1956-57.

Items.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	W. Aust.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output(b). Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinari	      £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	12 2,574 2,278 76 20,411 6,026 26,513 641 1,429 7,556	10 1,962 1,706 47 13,001 4,923 17,971 904 1,426 3,003	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	29 4,630 4,038 127 33,535 10,999 44,661 1,764 3,059 10,990

#### Australia.

Items.	1938-39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories	30	37	36	34	33	29
Number of persons employed	5,544	4,704	4,757	4,707	4,622	4,630
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	1,096	3,204	3,417	3,516	3,728	4,038
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	34	144	151	158	128	127
Value of materials used . £'000	7,081	22,416	26,835	28,825	31,227	33,535
Value of production £'000	2,685	7,078	8,341	9,745	9,244	10,999
Total value of output(b) £'000	9,800	29,638	35,327	38,728	40,599	44,661
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,042	1,741	1,822	1,504	1,867	1.764
Value of plant and machinery £'000	943	1,458	1,917	2,190	2,784	3,059
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		1,	-,	_,	,	0,000
use h.p.	4,610	6,028	6,919	8,466	10,778	10,990
Leaf used—	1	<b>\</b>		1	1	
Australian (stemmed) '000 lb.	4,489	4,222	4,866	4,482	5,204	5,299
Imported (stemmed) '000 lb.	16,011	28,410	33,076	36,053	37,399	40,860
Tobacco made '000 lb.	16,305	22,334	23,400	21,466	18,836	18,917
Cigars made '000 lb.	238	129	143	151	132	114
Cigarettes made '000 lb.	6,731	13,879	18,303	22,859	27,162	30,513

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

For many years the production of locally-grown leaf was comparatively small, and manufacturers were dependent on imported leaf for the supply of their raw materials. Increased import duties stimulated local production, and the quantity of Australian leaf used by manufacturers rose from 1.2 million lb. in 1929–30 to over 3 million lb. in 1930–31. During the 1939–45 War, about 4.7 million lb. of Australian-grown leaf was used annually, and the 1956–57 usage was 5.3 million lb. For further information see Chapter XXII.— Agricultural Production.

Imports of tobacco during 1956-57 comprised—manufactured tobacco, 236,314 lb.; cigars, 49,911 lb.; cigarettes, 464,046 lb.; unmanufactured tobacco, 40,765,547 lb. and in 1957-58 were 402,388 lb., 86,165 lb., 370,842 lb. and 43,029,219 lb. respectively.

34. Sawmills, etc.—The most important industry in Class X. is sawmilling. Because of difficulties associated with the classifying of sawmills into forest and town mills, they have been combined in the following table, together with plywood and veneer mills.

#### SAWMILLS AND PLYWOOD AND VENEER MILLS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories  Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	1,094 10,774 8,362 683 24,031 15,118 39,832 4,431	578 7,381 6,117 460 14,132 10,228 24,820 2,843	626 8,590 6,123 367 12,327 10,188 22,882 1,744	1,836 84 6,584 3,342 10,010	4,297 3,167 277 5,449 5,716 11,442		3,000 35,835 27,563 2,056 66,817 47,928 116,801 12,079
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	4,867 116,865	3,520 83,628	3,276 82,828	1,390	2,044	1,989 33,707	17,086 378,902

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000	225 8,441 5,762 14,428 2,029 2,777	21,367 1,547 46,585 35,663 83,795 8,043	35,448 23,536 1,639 53,908 39,799 95,346 8,775	36,631 25,530 1,805 61,073 45,319 108,197 10,321	37,102 27,086 1,938 65,618 47,042 114,598 11,136	66,817 47,928 116,801 12,079
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.		332,736	336,951	359,786	371,003	378,902

The sawmill output of native timber, which declined from 740 million super. feet in 1925-26 to the abnormally low figure of 237 million super. feet during the depth of the depression, recovered to 717 million super. feet in 1938-39 and by 1957-58 had risen to 1,400 million super. feet. Further reference is made to the sawmilling industry in Chapter XXV.—Forestry.

35. Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery.—These industries constitute the principal manufactures in Class XI. The following table shows particulars for each State in 1956-57:—

# CABINET AND FURNITURE MAKING AND UPHOLSTERY, 1956-57.

Items	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S Aust	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
fumber of factories  Lumber of persons employed  Alaries and wages paid  Alaries and wages  Alaries and Alaries  Alaries and wages  Ala	539 5,302 4,347 117 7,160 7,024 14,301 2,858 798	532 4,629 3,427 84 5,131 5,713 10,928 2,558 790	235 2,269 1,439 35 2,469 2,229 4,733 1,022 332	571	1,025 624 19 1,103 1,010 2,132 574	60 413 265 6 321 446 773 176 54	1,635 15,164 11,193 289 17,926 18,059 36,274 7,759 2,424

36. Printing Works.—Printing and bookbinding rank high in importance among the industries of Australia, and in 1956-57 afforded employment for 39,911 employees, and paid £34,766,000 in salaries and wages, while the value of output amounted to £112,629,000. The first table below gives particulars of establishments engaged in general printing in each

State for 1956-57. These establishments include those engaged in lithographic printing, bookbinding, paper ruling and linotyping and Government printing works. Establishments producing newspapers and periodicals are shown separately in the second table following:—

#### GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL PRINTING WORKS, 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	564 10,203 8,762 286	540 9,110 7,620 222	1,605 42	1,649 1,233 31	1,402 953 30	23 584 459 10 435	1,399 25,271 20,632 621
Value of materials used £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	12,814 14,864 27,964 5,425 5,733	9,763 13,111 23,096 5,332 5,920	2,697 4,444 905	1,899 3,273	1,868 3,040 640	435 697 1,142 282 279	27,202 35,136 62,959 13,310 14,586
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	15,671	13,717	2,429	2,098	2,019	850	36,784

#### NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS, 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	178	111	59	36	23	5	412
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,777 6,700	3,348	2,195	1,195	740	385 401	14,640 13,134
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000	280 10,276	119	71	35	38	8 332	551
Value of production £'000	11,723	5,727	3,470	2,086	1,553	551	25,110
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000	22,279 6,288	1,616	1,298	830	509	222	
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	5,612	2,795	1,416	667	706	119	11,315
in use h.p.	14,252	10,479	5,482	3,539	2,536	692	36,980

37. Paper Making.—Although the paper manufacturing industry has been established in Australia for many years, it was not until the manufacture of paper pulp from indigenous timber commenced in 1938-39 that any marked development occurred.

Plants producing pulp from eucalypt timber are operating in Victoria and Tasmania, whilst in South Australia pulp is being produced from locally-grown softwoods. The production of pulp rose from 6,000 tons in 1938-39 to 88,000 tons in 1946-47. It remained at about this level until 1949-50 but has since increased steadily to a total of nearly 195,000 tons in 1956-57.

The number of factories operating in 1956-57 comprised four in New South Wales, seven in Victoria, one each in Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia and three in Tasmania. In Tasmania, newsprint, writing and printing papers are produced, and in the other States wrappings, other papers and boards. Particulars for this industry are shown in the following table.

PAPER MAKING, INCLUDING PULP MILLS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56. (a)	1956-57. (a)
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	7 1,961 467 201 1,096 1,005 2,302 850 1,713 31,548	17 6,441 5,338 1,649 12,637 11,085 25,371 7,324 15,263	18 7,179 6,130 2,048 15,198 15,451 32,697 8,106 16,810	20 7,611 7,095 2,560 17,474 18,294 38,328 8,255 18,050	17 7,480 7,813 2,735 18,963 17,330 39,028 9,312 18,640	17 7,903 8,783 2,996 22,419 19,383 44,798 9,527 18,141

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes several establishments previously included, engaged in processing but not manufacturing paper.

<sup>38.</sup> Rubber Goods.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1956-57 but excludes establishments engaged primarily in the retreading and repairing of tyres.

#### RUBBER GOODS, 1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	43	54	12	8	2	1	120
Number of persons employed	6,769	6,182	1,152	718	(a)	(a)	14,859
Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,695	5,982	909	688	(a)	(a)	14,296
Value of power, fuel, etc.,		,		ķ	1 ' 1	` *	
used £'000	920	901	109	74	(a)	(a)	2,007
Value of materials used £'000	16,628	14,088	2,765	859	(a)	(a)	34,378
Value of production £'000	8,844	11,327	1,974	1.065	(a)	(a)	23,246
Total value of output £'000	26,392	26,316	4,848	1,997	(a)	(a)	59,631
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,373	3,211	459	179	(a)	(a)	6,292
Value of plant and machi-	, -,	-,			(-/	(,	-,
nery £'000	2,398	3.757	292	182	(a)	(a)	6,645
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	, , , , ,	,		i		,	-,
in use h.p.	50,536	53,254	7,608	2,994	(a)	(a)	114,562

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

39. Electric Light and Power Works.—(i) Details of Industry. The increased demand for electrical energy has been responsible for considerable development in electric light and power works during recent years. For further information on this subject see Chapter VII.—Electric Power Generation and Distribution. Particulars of the industry for each State during the year 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years are shown below:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	82	53	56	41	87		328
Number of persons employed	5,490	3,186	1,540	(a)	971	(a)	12,473
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	6,108	3.534	1,493	(a)	1,052	(a)	13,571
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	,	1	,	` '	{	` ′	i '
used £'000	16,208	10.512	5,876	(a)	3,438	(a)	39,830
Value of materials used £'000	2,070	605	994	(a)	292	(a)	4,396
Value of production £ 000	23,570	13,825	4,129	(a)	2.916	(a)	50,722
Total value of output . £'000	41,848	24,942	10,999	(a)	6.646	(a)	94,948
Value of land and buildings £'000	34,903	15.115	8,427	(a)	2,663	(a)	102,318
Value of plant and machi-	<i>'</i>	,	,	` ′	′	• /	· 1
nery £'000	68,397	57.017	25,160	(a)	14.822	(a)	198,269
Generators installed - Kilowatt	'	,	,		,	. ,	'
capacity '000 kW	1,866	1,163	530	! (a)	295	(a)	4,705

USTRALIA.	
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Items.	1938-39.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955~56.	1956–57.
Number of persons employed	00 3,239 00 530 00 8,714	349 10,891 9,675 32,205 3,296 24,582 60,083	351 11,395 10,308 35,083 4,800 30,098 69,981	351 11,927 11,457 36,548 4,170 37,568 78,286	332 12,111 12,497 37,479 4,090 43,219 84,788	328 12,473 13,571 39,830 4 396 50,722 94,948
Value of land and buildings £'00 Value of plant and machinery £'00	00 8,388	29,531 94,169	47,369 122,773	60,120 146,273	73,688 158,377	102,318 198,269

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia,

Particulars of the types of engines and generators installed in Electric Light and Power Works and their rated horse-power are given on page 159.

(ii) Production. The increase in the production of electric light and power in each of the States since 1938-39 is shown in the following table:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS: ELECTRICITY PRODUCED. (Million kWh.)

				l	1	1 1	_	•
Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		1.948	1.223	387	256	307	567	4,688
1951-52	::	4,628	2,964	1,242	788	530	1,145	11,297
1952-53	• •	4 868	3,193	1,349	822	569	1,244	12,045
1953-54		5,450	3 693	1,511	955	627	1,471	13,707
1954–55		5,951	4,152	1,658	1,119	703	1,589	15,172
1955-56		6,505	4,633	1,786	1,204	753	1,794	16,675
1956–57	••	7,008	5,037	1,937	1,315	782	2,210	18,289
1957-58(a)	٠. ١	7,565	5,250	2.221	1.593	828	2,336	19,793

(a) Preliminary-subject to revision.

40. Gas-works.—(i) Details of Industry. Gas-works are in operation in the majority of important towns in Australia. The following table shows particulars of gas-works in each State for the year 1956-57 and for Australia for a series of years:—

#### GAS-WORKS.

1956-57.

Items.	N.S W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	37		16	3	4		94
Number of persons employed	1,441	1,629	392	(a)	175	(a)	4,138
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,630	1,833	329	(a)	158	(a)	4,448
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	'			1 ''	l i	• ,	
used £'000	2,111	195	39	(a)	175	(a)	2,591
Value of materials used £'000	6,453	5,790	1,054	(a)	566	(a)	15,598
Value of production £'000	5,250	2,793	857	(a)	274	(a)	9,894
Total value of output £'000	13,814	8,778	1,950	(a)	1,015	(a)	28,083
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,408	3,009	351	(a)	151	(a)	5,189
Value of plant and machinery £'000	6,523	14,142	1,951	(a)	1,634	(a)	27,667
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1				1 1		
in use h.p.	19,193	15,816	2,443	(a)	1,185	(a)	44,373

#### AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56	1956-57.
Number of factories	107	99	98	97	95	94
Number of persons employed	2,931	4,199	4,141	4,103	4,087	4,138
Salaries and wages paid £'000	785	3,553	3,767	3,882	4,148	4,448
Value of power, fuel, light, etc.,	1	1	1	1	,	•
used £'000	251	2,080	2.244	2,291	2,297	2,591
Value of materials used £'000	1.872	15,576	15,249	15,187	15,350	15,598
Value of production £'000	2.694	8,473	8,121	9,103	9,272	9.894
Total value of output £'000	4.817	26,129	25,614	26,581	26,919	28,083
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,463	2,342	2,416	2,488	2,748	5,189
Value of plant and machinery £ 000	7,498	15,962	17.235	19,134	19.828	27,667
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	'	1	1	'		,
use h.p.	17,905	29,514	30,055	33,389	42,082	_44,373

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

(ii) Coal Used and Production. The following table shows details for 1956-57:-

#### GAS-WORKS: COAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1956-57.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal used '000 tons	912	603	203	(a)	42	(a)	1,946
Gas produced million cu. ft.	22,583	15,746		(a)	1,451	(a)	46,653
Gas sold	19,917	13,495	2,707	(a)	1,246	(a)	40,662
Coke produced (b) '000 tons	456	207	94		25	(a)	893

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) In addition 2,234,458 tons of metallurgical coke were made in Coke Works in 1956-57.

Since 1938-39, when the output of gas was 21 thousand million cubic feet, production has increased each year and reached nearly 48 thousand million cubic feet in 1957-58.